RABAT (AP) — The government Monday pledged to raise salaries, improve social benefits and open a top-level investigation into rioting that erupted during a nationwide general strike. Unions officials and human rights groups insisted that the death toll from Friday's riots was more than 30, compared to the government figure of five deaths. More than 200 people were injured. Prime Minister Azeddine Laraki, in a statement to parliament, pledged unspecified increases in salaries and social benefits. He said the government wanted to resume talks Tuesday with unions and management in order to resolve nationwide labour disputes centred on demands for higher pay. Laraki also announced that the government would form an inquiry commission composed of members of the executive branch and parliament. He said the commission would be headed by the president of the supreme court, Mohammad Miko, and would investigate why the riots started and how they were handled. Earlier in the day, opposition political parties on the right and left demanded an independent inquiry into the rioting in Fez and other cities.

Volume 15 Number 4576

AMMAN TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1990, JUMA'DAH AI-ULA 30, 1411

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PARIS (R) — Talks between France and Iran to resolve a long-standing financial dispute have been suspended with the return home of Iranian Deputy t supporting are Foreign Minister Mahmoud Vaezi, French officials said Monday. "The talks are not over. But they are effectively novie. which are suspended because the Iranians who came here to negotiate went home last week without a date being set for a next round," a French official told reporters.

Sterile flies u categories, or reach Libya

iers. Other site TUNIS (R) — About 3.5 million sterile male flies have arrived Libya as part of a U.S.-backed campaign to eradicate the screwworm, a deadly flesh-eating parasite that threatens livestock throughout Africa. The flies are the first consignment to arrive from a joint U.S.-Mexican plant at Chiapo de Corso in Mexico. They reached Tripoli airport Sunday, the Libyan news agency JANA said Mondy (see story on

Lebanon hopes for papal visit

VATICAN CITY (R) - Lebanon's new ambassador to the Vatican told Pope John Panl Monday he hoped the pontiff would visit his war-torn country soon. "We dare to hope, Your Holiness, that the desire that you have expressed so often to visit our country can be realised very soon," Ambassador Antoine Jemha said at a ceremony. "The Lebanese, all Lebanese, would welcome you in a climate of unity and rediscovered peace," he said. In his address to the ambassador the Pope made no reference to a visit. To make such a trip he would have to receive a formal invitation from Beirut.

Ortega: iraq could withstand strike

MANAGUA (R) — Former Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega said Sunday Iraq could hold up against a military strike and was likely to retaliate first against Israel and Saudi Arabia. nowsket. Who 🗯 Ortega told reporters that Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and other Iraqi leaders feel sure that massive air attack... would not destroy the offensive capacity of their country and that their counter-offensive action would recentle some be felt against Israel and Saudi Arabia." The Sandinista leader, iness in his ner who said he had been to the Gulf of the stroke. Pe to help promote peace on behalf of the Third World, met with Saddam during visits to Iraq Nov. 14-15 and Nov. 29 to Dec. e three to for

octors know to a orking organil De Maiziere not not to join cabinet

BONN (AP) — Lothar de Maiziere, who headed East Germany's short-lived democratic government, said Monday he would not be a member of United Germany's first government. De Maiziere has repeatedly denied allegations that he worked for Stasi, the nowdisbanded East German secret police. A deputy leader of Chancellor Helmut Kohl's governing Christian Democrats, he had been mentioned as a probable cabinet member. De Maiziere announced the unexpected decision to reporters in Bonn after meeting with Kohl and Interior Minister Wolfgang Schaneble. Schaueble said Kohl would respect the decision.

Velayati in UAE

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati arrived Monday that falls ahead of the annual on the fourth leg of a Gulf tour ites that the summit of the six-nation Gulf Velayati postponed a weekend of duct the GCC tour, beginning it ke | Sunday in Qutar, the host for the summit starting next Saturday. He also visited Oman and Sirlings to Konsu home before a trip to Sweden sokeswomen is starting Tuesday. He have been Tokeswoman is starting Tuesday. He has been aid, she will received by the leaders and he country to deliver messages from Iranian President Hashemi Rafinited she she she she she she day.

Assad, Badran

seeking an Arab solution to the Gulf crisis deadlock, held talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad in Damascus Monday.

Badran, welcomed on arrival. by Prime Minister Mahmoud Zoubi, Foreign Minister Farouq Sharaa and senior officials, told reporters he was carrying a verbal message to Assad from His Majesty King Hussein.

He stressed the importance of 'contacts and consultations among Arab countries which help bring closer viewpoints on various matters." He did not elaborate.

A Jordanian minister in Amman speaking on condition of anonymity said that the purpose of Badran's visit was to discuss ways of achieving peace in the Gulf.

Another well-placed Jordanian official, also speaking on condition of anonymity, told the Associated Press that Badran's

Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Jordanian-Algerian effort to come about after Iraq's combring Iraq and Saudi Arabia together for a negotiated settlement of the Gulf crisis.

Algeria has adopted a similar

attitude to that of Jordan on the Gulf crisis. Algerian President Chadli

Benjedid toured Middle East capitals last week in an effort to mediate an inter-Arab settlement. In a period of six days he visited Jordan, Iraq, Iran, Oman, Syria, Lebanon and Egypt.

Benjedid was also expected to visit Sandi Arabia but the same diplomatic sources said he was informed by Saudi Arabia that his projected visit had been post-

Arab diplomatic sources said Benjedid's effort was directed at arranging a meeting between Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and King Fahd of Saudi Arabia. The diplomatic sources said, however, that the Saudis made it

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — visit was part of a joint clear such a meeting could only plete withdrawal from Kırwait.

Another Arab diplomat stressed that Benjedid's mission had not failed and that it will "eventually lead to an Iragi-Saudi meeting soon."

He said that Benjedid, who ended his regional tour, will "pay a private visit to Saudi Arabia sometime soon ... so that his visit will not be interpreted as part of the peace mission." A Syrian statement said Assad

and Benjedid agreed in Damascus Sunday that a solution to the Gulf crisis could be achieved only through U.N. proposais. Benjedid did not fully agree with this in remarks made in Cairo Monday. A Jordanian official quoted by

Reuters said Badran would try to evaluate the outcome of the mission by Benjedid, a veteran Arab trouble-shooter. Badran returned home later

would have devastating con-

War would hurt entire planet — King



PARIS (Agencies) - His Majesty King Hussein has warned that war in the Gulf

sequences around the globe. "I belive no one is aware of what might happen if this area erupts in conflict... the human losses, the very deep wounds not only in the Arab World but for all Muslims and the rest of the world." he told French Television in an interview in Amman.

"We must be conscious of the economic shock which would affect the whole world. and the scale of the environmental disaster." he told the state-owned Antenne-2 network.

"The situation has been very tense but if war breaks out now, we will find ourselves on the edge of a precipice and no one knows what the outcome will be for the world."

King Hussein, who attempted to mediate between President Saddam Hussein and other Arab leaders after Irag's takeover of Kuwait Aug. 2. said he hoped Baghdad and Washington would settle their dispute over the dates of talks. "I hope the Americans are working for peace, towards a settlement of regional problems," he said. "The United States can, if it wants, do a lot for peace in this area. I hope they will."

Replying to a question, the King said:

"I am always an optimist and I hope that logic and reason will prevail and goodwill. But at the same time I am really concerned because of the two elements that are missing so far and one of them is the Arab-Arab dialogue which we tried to create, since the outset, between the concerned parties. But nothing has happened so far, and the other is a dialogue between the world as represented by the United States in this particular crisis and Iraq."

In reply to another question about the real intentions of the United States in the region, the King said: "I had hoped that they are

concerned about the international legitimacy, and if that is the case then there is another problem that has been with us for 23 years with similar nature — a problem which requires the attention of the world in all its merits and that is the Israeli-Palestinian problem and the Arab-Israeli problem. I certainly hope that it will be demonstrated that the world is concerned to ensure that international legitimacy still applies everywhere. On the other hand, we have been working for years with Europe, with the rest of the world and trying to persuade the United States to accept the idea of an international conference under the auspices of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council and with the participation of all parties to the conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation, the legitimate representative of the Palestinian people to resolve this problem.

Monday. Hope remains for Arab solution in Gulf — Benjedid

CAIRO (Agencies) - The presidents of Algeria and Egypt said Monday the Arabs have been unable to come up with concrete plans for a peaceful settlement of the Gulf crisis but that some

hope remains. "We have no specific programme through which we can move towards a solution, but I believe there still are possibilities for a peaceful settlement," Algerian President Chadli Benjedid told a news conference. President Hosni Mubarak, his Egyptian host, stood at his side.

Benjedid based the assessment on a tour that took him to Jordan, Iraq, Iran, Oman, Syria and Lebanon before Egypt. He flew to Libya from Egypt Mon-An expected stop in Saudi

Arabia was dropped, reportedly because the Saudis objected to apparent lack of flexibility by Benjedid said consultation

with King Fahd in Saudi Arabia "is still on my programme." He added: "No date has been set, but this is my first tour..., and I

next few days or weeks." But he sidestepped a question on whether Iraq showed any willingness to withdraw from

He also disputed a reporter's suggestion that Iraqi President Saddam Hussein rejected talks with the United States, as proposed by President George Bush, because of a disagreement on

"I do not believe there was a rejection of the dialogue," he said. 'This is my personal deduction."

On Sunday, an official Syrian statement, speaking after Benjedid met with President Hafez Al Assad in Damascus, pictured Benjedid as having given up on an Arab solution to the problem in favour of an international one. In the news conference, Benjedid disagreed.

He said he continues to favour Arab efforts, "which I hope would achieve something of a nucleus for a solution." but that there can be no "100 per cent Arab solution....

"We must take into account

national resolutions." He said the Palestinian prob-

lem remained "at the core" of regional unrest but that it should not be "organically linked" with the Gulf crisis as demanded by Iraq. Such linkage would be "illogical and unobjective," he added.

Benjedid characterised his tour as "merely an effort by Algeria to join the overall Arab and international efforts" to end peacefully the crisis. The Algerian president con-

ferred with Mubarak immediately after he arrived in Cairo Sunday night. They talked again Monday morning before Beniedid left. In his remarks, Mubarak

appeared to deny news reports that Benjedid carried a specific proposal to ease the crisis. There are no initiatives on the (Arab) scene as some people imagine," he said.

In reply to a question, he said: "To tell the truth, we have no method for a solution. We are

(Continued on page 4)

Israelis bar Palestinians from entering Jerusalem

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli forces blocked thousands of Palestinians from entering Jerusalem Monday and barred Palestinians from the historic mosques in the city's Haram Al Sharif complex.

The heightened measures were aimed at heading off clashes with Jewish extremists and to prevent protests over Israel's decision to expel four Palestinians from the occupied Gaza Strip.

Police denied a request by the Jewish extremist group "Temple Mount Faithful" to go to the Haram Al Sharif, but more than a dozen members of the group marched nearby with Israeli

Tension over a planned march by the group helped set off the massacre of Oct. 8 in which over 20 Palestinians died in Israeli guntire.

Students at the closed Bir Zeit University in the West Bank held a march and stoned police sions of four alleged members of the fundamentalist movement Hamas, Israel Radio reported. Police dispersed the demonstration with tear-gas and rubber bullets and arrested four protesters, it said.

Policemen screened elderly Palestinians and women seeking to enter the two mosques in the Haram Al Sharif complex. Hundreds of young men were turned back at the heavily guarded gates of the mosque.

In a new leaflet on Monday. Hamas called on followers to go to Al Agsa "to stand up against the provocations of extremists and government." A delegation from the U.S.

council of churches visited Muslim officials on the mosque to express solidarity with Palestinians. Below the mosque, Gershon

Salomon led some 25 followers into prayers at the Wailing Wall while scores of policemen stood

the wall and marched under police escort outside the walls of the Old City. Israel resurrected its con-

troversial expulsion policy after a 16-month break to try to calm rising public anxiety about stabbing attacks on Jews since the Oct. 8 massacre. Sixty Palestinians have been expelled in the three-year

Palestinian uprising, but Israel stopped the practice in August 1989, reportedly under U.S. The announcement of renewed expulsions drew immedi-

ate criticism from U.S. officials. who say that expelling people from the occupied territories violates international law.

The English-language Jerusalem Post reported Monday that Israeli officials viewed the U.S. objections as "pro forma." However, Israeli officials and analysts expressed fears the expulsions orders would weaken

(Continued on page 4)

for peace conference UNITED NATIONS (R) — The United States has circulated a new working paper critical of Israeli actions in the occupied territories that deplores Israel's decision to renew the expulsion

New U.S

draft

said to

omit call

Security Council source said Monday. The U.S. paper is the latest in a series aimed at softening a resolution submitted last month by four non-aligned members of the council that has been the

of Palestinians, a United Nations

subject of intense negotiations. The main focus of the resolution, sponsored by Colombia. Cuba, Malaysia and Yemen, is on ways of protecting the Palestinian inhabitants of the

occupied territories. But agreement has been complicated by a reference to an international Middle East peace conference. The United States opposes this as being open to interpretation as a concession to Iraq, which has demanded that any solution to the crisis caused by its invasion of Kuwait must be linked to ending the Arab-Israel

The United States is anxious not to use its veto for fear of the effect on the Arab members of the alliance it has fashioned to confront Iraq.

The U.S. draft was reported to make no mention of a Middle East peace conference, relegating this to an accompanying statement to be issued by the

council president. Another closed-door meeting

of a working group comprising representatives of the United States, Finland and Yemen was set for Monday and it remained uncertain whether the council would be ready to vote at a public session scheduled for later

Bush says deadline remains Jan. 15 BAGHDAD (Agencies) - Iraq sovereign state..." Jan. 12 as too near the United said Monday it would not let the

crisis, insisted it would never give up Kuwait and alerted Baghdad residents to an air-raid blackout drill.

ing Baath Party, chaired by President Saddam Hussein.

one party as the leader of the United States wants. We are committed to our rights as a

Iraq is locked in dispute with the United States over the dates for the U.S.-proposed talks. In what diplomats said was a

possible sign of progress, U.S. Charge d'Affaires Joseph Wilson met Foreign Ministry Under-Secretary Nizar Hamdown Monday to discuss dates. The meeting, requested by the U.S. side, was the first for two

days, the diplomats said.

A meeting between Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz and President George Bush, tentatively set for Monday, was called off after the two sides failed to agree on when Secretary of State James Baker should visit Sad-

The United States has suggested any day from Dec. 20 to Jan. 3 for the Bush-Aziz meeting but rejected Iraq's sole offer of Nations' Jan. 15 deadline for Baghdad to quit Kuwait or face "Our belief in Kuwait as part

of Iraq is unflinching and the fact that it is the 19th province is a fact that our people and the armed forces are dealing with as a great gain," the statement of the Iraqi leadership said. It said Iraq wanted a uniform standard to apply on im-

plementing all Security Council resolutions, including those on the Palestinian issue and Leba-Bush said Monday he still

boped for talks with Iraq but warned that there would be no extension of the U.N. deadline giving Iraq until Jan. 15 to quit Kuwait or face war.

(Continued on page 5)

in the day.

Soviet minister, Iraqis discuss contract penalties

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — A briefing. Soviet envoy opened talks Monday with Iraqi officials on their demands that Moscow pay penalties to terminate the con-

A Soviet diplomat, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the contract issue threatens to delay the departure for 2,565 Soviet workers who want to leave Iraq.

In Moscow, a Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman said that the government would be prepared to pay Iraq to solve the row over contracts.

has been rather longstanding and it remains to be seen who will pay what to whom... we would be prepared to pay to get our people out of Iraq," Vitaly Churkin told reporters after a

Iraq demands that Moscow accept responsibility for any breach of contract caused by the withdrawal of the 2,300 Soviet

A spokesman for the Soviet embassy in Baghdad said earlier that Iraq was refusing to let the experts leave until the dispute was resolved. Churkin said he had not received confirmation of

the oil industry, which has been crippled by the sanctions imposed by the United Nations since Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of

Hamadi.

Another Soviet official, Sergei Arakilyan, a deputy minister at the Petroleum Refining and Pet-

measures in Baghdad," said Churkin in Moscow.

"All the questions concerning Soviets leaving Baghdad are being discussed by representatives of the Soviet government... the purpose of that mission is to discuss with the Iraqi side all the aspects of the stay of the Soviet experts in Iraq," he said.

Irag's Revolutionary Command Council decided Dec. I

can leave. But it demanded that the Soviet Union compensate Iraq for terminating their work contracts.

The Soviet Union welcomed the decision and said it was willing to pay compensation for breaking the contracts of the remaining Soviet workers.

However, sources say the Iraqis have not yet received an official pledge of payment from the Soviet Union and the two sides still have to agree on the amount and the payment sche-

The Soviet diplomat would not say if Moscow is willing to pay the amount of compensation demanded by Iraq. Neither side has revealed the amount the Iraqis are requesting.

may meet with King Fahd in the intenational opinion and inter-NATO demands pullout,

George Bush. The 16 NATO countries, which include 11 of the EC's 12 members, issued a tough statement on the Gulf rejecting any vaded Kuwait in August 2.

involving U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar. The ministers said such talks should be used only to impress upon Iraq that it must withdraw

unconditionally.

said. The ministers said they would resist any effort by Iraq to use the talks to delay meeting a Jan. 15 U.N. deadline authorising the

The statement was issued after U.S. Secretary of State James Baker met with his NATO counterparts to discuss the Gulf cri-

pledge to abide by all United Nations resolutions. "The responsibility now lies with the government of Iraq to

NATO Secretary General Manfred Woerner opened Monday's ministrial meeting at the

"The solidarity of all allies and their determination to implement in full (United Nations) Security Council resolutions against Iraq remain firm," he

ing EC presidency. decide Tuesday whether to go ahead with the planned visit to contribution" to a peaceful settlement of the Gulf crisis. Aziz's visit to Rome had in-

itially been scheduled for this week, after a meeting between er's return visit to Baghdad.

not offered an acceptable date for him to visit Baghdad. "No, nothing new today," Baker said as he entered NATO headquarters. Officials said he

dates could be resolved. A senior Canadian official told reporters Baker complained to ministers that European allies were not doing enough to help the United States in the Gulf, although he did not repeat specific requests for aid and troops.

any chance of operating effectively in future. "If it does fail, the world will become even more unpredictable... it will be an awfully dark

its will over Iraq if it was to stand

Canadian External Affairs Ministers Joe Clark asserted Iraq was playing games by failing to offer a scrious date and should stop trying to manipulate

(Continued on page 5)

approves EC-Aziz meeting

BRUSSELS (Agencies) — NATO foreign ministers closed ranks Monday behind Washington's hardline stance on the Gulf but approved of an Iraqi request for talks with the European

Community (EC) to avert war. Italian Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis said Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz asked to see him in Rome later this week, although a dispute over dates had put on hold a proposed meeting with U.S. President

partial solutions to the crisis which erupted when Iraq in-But the NATO ministers gave their blessing to Iraqi talks with Italy, currently the EC president, and possible discussions

from Kuwait immediately and "Complete Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait and the restoration of the sovereignty and legitimate government of Kuwait are uncquivocal conditions for a peaceful solution. There can be no partial solutions," the statement

ministers said Aziz's meeting use of force to drive it from with de Michelis"can make a

While the allies said they hoped war could be averted in the Gulf, they reaffirmed their

ensure peace by complying fully with the mandatory United Nations decisions," the statement

NATO headquarters. added.

Italy's de Michelis told reporters Baker still wanted to meet with Saddam. He mentioned no date for such a meeting which - Bush has said must occur by Jan. 3 at the latest. Baker, rejecting an Iraqi proposal for a Jan. 12 meeting in Baghdad, said Sunday he remained hopeful he can see Saddam by Jan. 3. Italy currently holds the rotat-

De Michelis said the EC will Rome this week by Aziz. In their statement, the NATO

the Iraqi foreign minister and Bush in Washington on Monday. But the session with Bush was cancelled in a dispute over Bak-Arriving for the NATO meeting. Baker said Saddam had still

remained willing to proceed with the talks, if necessary on Christmas day, if the dispute over the

The official said several ministers had spoken out on the importance of the U.N. enforcing

time," the official said.

what might be its last chance to

to protest the planned expul-The zealots lit a candle-light at Iraq rejects American 'dictates';

United States dictate the dates of their meetings on the Gulf

"We want peace, we want dialogue for peace, we respect legitimacy, we want to implement international law on the issues of our (Arab) Nation," said a statement after a joint meeting of the Revolutionary Command Council and the rul-

"But we reject capitulation and ridicule those who imagine we will capitulate. "We refuse dates imposed by

tracts of Soviet workers in Iraq.

"Our economic relationship

dam in return.

activiscis.

Most of the experts work in

Kuwait. Vladimir Mordvinov, a deputy minister at the Soviet Foreign Economic Relations Ministry was meeting with acting Oil Minister Hussein Kamel and Deputy Prime Minister Sadoun that all the remaining Soviets

rochemical Ministry, has been in Baghdad for more than three weeks to try to finalise an agreement on contracts in the oil and power generating fields. "We would like to speed up the process... take the necessary

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Qian explains why China did not back anti-Iraq resolution

BEUING (AP) — China refused to support a U.N. resolution authorising military force against Iraq because of the world body's role in the Korean war, Foreign Minister Qian Qichen said in an article published Monday.

In an interview in the Communist Party newspaper People's Daily, Qian said China remains intent on finding a peaceful solution to the Gulf

"I believe it could take longer to achieve a peaceful solution, but the losses would be less," Qian said.

China abstained in the Nov. 29 Security Council vote approving a resolution sanctioning military action if Iraqi troops did not withdraw from Kuwait by Jan. 15.

By choosing not to exercise its veto power as a permanent council member. China allowed the resolution to pass with its abstention. The resolution passed by a 12-2 margin, with only Cuba and Yemen voting against

Oian said China abstained in the vote "to make the international community continue to

work for a peaceful solution." China had previously voted in favour of all the other U.N. resolutions — including a trade embargo — aimed at putting

international pressure on Baghdad to withdraw from Kuwait. "But we could not approve the proposal for some countries to take up arms and use military

means under U.N. authority," Qian said. "On this issue, we have a historical responsibility. The Korean war launched in the name of the United Nations remains fresh in the minds of the Chinese people."

Chinese officials have made similar comments in private talks with foreign diplomats in Beijing, but this was the first time they publicly compared the Korean war and military action against Iraq.

Chinese troops intervened to support communist North Korea in the 1950-53 Korean war after U.S.-led U.N. forces pushed back the invading North Koreans from South Korea and advanced towards the Chinese-North Korean border.

Qian said he had told Iraqi President Saddam Hussein in a meeting in early November, "there is no nation in the world, including Irao's friends, that can accept the actions of Aug. 2." when Iraq invaded Kuwait.

China long has had close ties with Iraq, and sold millions of dollars worth of arms to Baghdad during the 1980-88 Iraq-Iran war. China also sold weapons to



Qian Qichen

China established diplomatic relations with Saudi Arabia shortly before the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait.

Qian said China's broad ties with the Arab World further prompted it to advocate a peaceful solution.

The People's Daily interview reflects a new, higher profile for Qian that has resulted from his role in international talks on the

There have been reports in the Hong Kong pressthat Qian, foreign minister since 1988, will be appointed a vice premier at a nine-day meeting of the standing committee of the National People's Congress that begins Thursday.

China and Sri Lanka said Monday that a war in the Gulf could have catastrophic con-

sequences. Chinese Premier Li Peng and Sri lankan President Ranasinghe Premadasa, who held talks in Colombo, stressed the need for a peaceful resolution of the Gulf crisis, spokesman said.

Iraqi envoy says no concessions before talks

happen."

about it."

PARIS (Agencies) — Iraq will make no concessions regarding the Gulf crisis before negotiations take place, Iraq's ambassador to France said Monday. He also said war would drive oil prices up to \$100 a barrel.

Ambassador Abdul Razak Al Hashimi, addressing a conference on vil issues, said Iraq rejects the United Nations resoultion calling for withdrawal of its troops from Kuwait. Iraq will "wait and see" what happens when the Jan. 15 deadline arrives, he said.

The U.N. Security Council has called for the unilateral withdrawal of Iraq from Kuwait by Jan. 15.

There will be "no concessions before we have negotiations," Hashimi said. He spoke at a conference organised by the Franco-Arab Chamber of Commerce on the impact of the Gulf crisis on the oil market.

U.S. President George Bush has the ability to start a war, "but ending it will not be his decision," Hashimi said. "Iraq has the capability to make everybody pay a heavy price."

The ambassador stressed that iraq does not want a war because it will be a "disaster" for all parties.

However, he said that if the United States decides to launch military action. "Iraq will have

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — The

leader of a Palestinian group

said special squads have been

prepared to strike American

targets worldwide if war breaks

out in the Gulf, an Iraqi news-

Mohammad Abbas, the leader

of the Palestine Liberation Front

(PLF), told the Al Joumhouriya

newspaper that Western and

American targets have already

been selected for attack once the

"If war flares up it will not go

the same direction as planned by

the American administration.

The United States does not have

the final decision to confine it to

Abbas, who is also known as

Abu. Abbas, is the leader of the

Baghdad-based Palestinian

group that miacked the Italian

paper reported Monday.

war starts in the Gulf.

a limited area," he said.

Abu Abbas says group

ready to hit U.S. targets

Iranians unveil gunboat to be the spoiler of U.S. longterm strategies" to control the Gulf region and its oil resources.

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran's fast and swift are committing a armed forces continued manbig mistake ... we will not be ocuvres in the Gulf Monday destroyed alone...' and for the first time unveiled "If war breaks out in the a locally built radar-equipped region, every industrial and oil gunboat with guided missiles, installation is going to be des-Tehran Radio reported.

"Those who think war will be

and oil will go to \$100 a barrel

and no one can do anything

He justified Iraq's invasion of

"You know what the United

Kuwait on economic grounds.

Arab Emirates and Kuwait did

to the markets. When oil prices

went to \$11 a barrel, Iraq lost \$7

billion a year," he said. "Iraq

moved in (to Kuwait) because it

was defending its natural in-

groups have selected their

targets among American and

Western interests worldwide

which will be attacked once the

American aggression againt Iraq

takes place," Abu Abbas told

"Our national forces have

been prepared to wage a war

which would defeat the enemy

and gain victory for all Arabs,"

It was the second threat

against U.S. interests by Abu

Abbas since Iraq invaded

Kuwait on Aug. 2. The first was

Abu Abbas said other Arab

nationalist forces apart from the

Palestinians were prepared "to

"The Americans understand

only the language of war. We

the newspaper.

he added.

in September.

enter the battle."

troyed in the Gulf," Hashimi The broadcast gave few desaid. "Iraq is capable of doing tails of the new gunboat, that, but we don't want that to named "Asad." It was built by the Islamic He said Iraq wanted to negoti-Republic Guards Corps

ate a peaceful settlement, but (IRGC) and equipped with a Washington must let Baghdad "powerful radar and is able to decide when U.S. Secretary of guide its fire," the radio said. State James Baker would meet The Iranians have been President Saddam Hussein. trying for years to develop Bush has rejected the date of

their own guided missiles. Jan. 12 proposed by Baghdad as But weapons-industry too close to the Jan. 15 U.N. analysts said the gunboat was deadline. probably equipped with mod-In the event of war, Hashimi ified versions of existing Itasaid, "Europe is going to be the lian or Chinese systems the loser. The U.S. is controlling oil

> There were unconfirmed reports earlier this year that the Iranians had adapted land-tosea anti-ship missiles for seaborne use.

Iranians already had.

The IRGC has its own naval, air force and military wings, as well as a weapons industry, apart from Iran's regular armed forces.

The air-sea exercises, codenamed "Piroozi 1." cover 30,000 square kilometres in the southern Gulf, the Sea of Oman and the Northern Indian Ocean.

The war games, launched Wednesday, will last until Dec. 25, the radio said.

The Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) last month quoted Rear Admiral Ali Shamkhani, who heads the navy, as saying the manocuvres would be the biggest ever launched by the Iranian armed forces.

Advanced MiG 29 fighterbombers, recently purchased from the Soviet Union, were used in Monday's manoeuvres. the radio said.

A radical Iranian daily Sunday denounced the U.S.-led buildup of forces sent to the Gulf after Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Knwait, and said Iran's military exercises were meant to meet "any unpredictable incident."

The Farsi-language Jomhuri Islami said that "Muslims are duty-bound to enhance their military capabilities and combat power to meet any unpredictable incident which would threaten their independence and territorial integrity."

Referring to the U.S.-led military buildup, the daily said that "the Persian Gulf and the Islamic lands are witnessing the largest military expedition ever of the enemies of Islam since the crusade.

The Iranians have condemned the occupation of Kuwait. But they have also deplored the multinational military presence. They have insisted the problem must be solved by the regional states. The radio said that "the unity, cooperation and coordination of the IRGC's naval forces and the navy, were im-

pressive than anything else." One of the main goals of the exercises is to gradually merge the IRGC and the regular armed forces, a move the Revolutionary Guards are known

to oppose. The IRGC began as an ideological sound force after the 1979 Islamic revolution as a counterweight to the army inherited from monarch Mohammad Reza Pahlavi.

The Revolutionary Guards were constantly at odds with the regular armed forces during the 1980-88 war with Iraq.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

UAE rewards Moscow with food

NICOSIA (R) - The United Arab Emirates (UAE) said Sunday it will send food to the Soviet Union. Gulf News Agency, received in Cyprus, said UAE President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan ordered urgent food aid to the Soviet Union in return for its "firm principled stands on various Arab issues." Moscow has supported U.N. Security Council demands that Iraq withdraw from Kuwait. Iraq announced Sunday that it had offered the Soviet Union 500 tonnes of dates as a gift from the Iraqi people, Iraq, a major date producer, cannot export products due to a United Nations trade embargo.

AIDS a serious problem in Sudan

KHARTOUM (R) — The number of AIDS cases in Sudan has increased twentyfold in three years and the disease has become a serious problem, the government said. State-controlled Radio Omdurman quoted acting Health Minister Hussein Abu Salih as saying the number of people suffering from acquired immune deficiency syndrome had risen to 534 from 23 in 1987. He did not say how many people had died of the disease, which destroys the body's immune system. It is spread in Sudan mainly by heterosexuai contact. Salih told a cabinet meeting that most of Sudan's AIDS cases were people who had entered the country from neighbouring Uganda and Ethiopia, apparently meaning refugees. He urged religious leaders, teachers and the media to spread the word that AIDS was dangerous and to tell people how to avoid it. Refugees should be priority targets of an AIDS education campaign, he

Filipino medical team arrives in S. Arabia

NICOSIA (R) — A medical team of 275 Filipino volunteers has arrived in Saudi Arabia to back up medical services in the kingdom during the Gulf crisis, the Saudi Press Agency reported. The agency said the team arrived Sunday. Philippines President Corazon Aquino said Saturday her country was sending the team - made up of doctors, nurses and paramedics - in friendship with Saudi Arabia which had asked for help.

Belgian politicians visit Libya

BRUSSELS (R) - Two leading Belgian politicians flew to Libya Monday to seek the release of four Belgians kidnapped by Palestinian guerrillas in 1987 and now held in Lebanon. Jaak Gabriels, president of the Volksunie, one of the five parties in Belgium's centre-left coalition government, left Zaventem airport with Senator Hans de Belder for talks with senior Libyan officials. Gabriels was quoted by the Belgian news agency as saying it was "encouraging" that Libya was prepared to discuss the release of the hostages, as Tripoli had never before acknowledged any direct or indirect implication in the affair. Emmanuel Houtekins, his wife Godelieve and their children Valerie, 18, and Laurent, 19. were kidnapped by the Fateh Revolutionary Council (FRC), led by Abu Nidal, in November 1987 from a yacht called Silco in the Eastern Mediterranean. Fernand Houtekins, Emmanuel's brother, and his French companion Jacqueline Valente, who were also taken hostage from the yacht, were freed in April together with their daughter born in captivity, after an appeal by Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi.

Pakistan reinforces Gulf troops

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistan began sending 3,000 more troops to Saudi Arabia Monday, dispelling doubt about its commitment to supporting Saudi Arabia against Iraq. The first infantry soldiers left aboard a Saudi Arabian airliner and the rest will follow over the next two days, a military spokesman said. "They are going with their personal weapons and equipment. They will get their heavy weapons over there," he said. After sending 2,000 of the 5,000 soldiers pledged to Saudi Arabia in early September, Pakistan delayed sending the rest amid reports of high-level differences over its Gulf policy. The sending of troops to Saudi Arabia has been criticised here as helping the United States, which is spearheading international efforts to oust Iraq from Kuwait, at a time when Washington has suspended aid over fears about Islamabad's nuclear programme. Pakistan is still talking with Saudi Arabia about further troop reinforcements, the spokesman said. The country has been badly affected by the Gulf crisis raising oil prices and the loss of remittances from Pakistanis who used to work in Kuwait and Iraq.

British dependents advised to leave Gulf

LONDON (R) — The Foreign Office Monday advised British women and children in Bahrain, Qatar and parts of Saudi Arabia to leave before the Jan. 15 U.N. deadline for the withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait. But a Foreign Office spokesman said the announcement was not linked to the weekend's failure of moves towards negotiations between the United States and Iraq. "This is simple common sense and does not imply any worsening of the situation in the last few days," he said. U.N. Security Council Resolution 678 says Iraq must leave Kuwait by the deadline or face the threat of military action from the U.S.-led multinational force massing in the Gulf. The Foreign Office advice applies to around 10,400 British women and children in Bahrain, Qatar, Saudi Arabia's Eastern Province and the cities of Riyadh and Tabuk, said the spokesman. He said it was not considered necessary yet to advise those in employment, even those in non-essential jobs, to leave. Foreign Office advice to visitors remained unchanged, he said. "Tourists should not visit the area, but those who have necessary business to conduct should not be deterred. They should register their arrival with the closest British diplomatic mission and should tell the mission how long they expect to stay." According to the Foreign Office there are 1,750 Britons in Bahrain, including 3,000 women and children -2,800 in Qatar, 1,500 of them women and children and 7,000 in Saudi Arabia's Eastern Province, including 3,000 women and children. Riyadh and Tabuk have 6780 Britons, among them 2,930 women and children.

Libyan shepherds, children trained against deadly pest

By Nejla Sammakia The Associated Press

TRIPOLI - Shepherding families in northwestern Libya are being told that if they see a shoebox-sized container fall unopened from the sky, open it. It might help save their flocks as well as Northern Africa's livestock industry.

That advice is part of a publicity campaign to lay ground for a \$100 million international effort to Eradicate deadly screwworm flies from: more than 20,000-square kilometres of western Libya.

In the test phase beginning this month, boxes containing 3.5 million sterile screwworm flies are to be dropped once a week for eight weeks from Libyan aircraft contracted by the United Nations.

The idea is for the barmless insects, sterilised in Mexico with technology developed in the United States, to mate with the screwworm flies already in the area. Sterile matings produce no offspring.

After a review of the initial eight weeks, the full effort is scheduled to start next February. Then, 100 million sterile flies will be dropped every week.

The boxes are designed to open on impact with the air, releasing the sterile, harmless flies. But some may land unopened, and that's where the information campaign comes "We need to inform the

people," said Furat Dridy, the campaign's Tunisian director. "They have to accept that the boxes are safe. We ask the farmers and the children to open any closed boxes, not to be afraid of them." Television spots and

leaflets carrying messages in simple words and sketches advise people what to do during and after aerial releases.

It's a "high-tech biological control system that's environment-friendly," said Hilmi Toros, spokesman for the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) in Rome. The FAO is organising the project along with the U.N. Development Programme and other agencies.

In its first appearance outside the Americas, the screwworm was discovered in Libya two years ago, probably imported in meat or live animals from Latin America.

The flesh-eating pest develops after a screwworm fly lays its eggs in a wound as small as a tick bite on any warm-blooded animal including humans. The larvae burrow in, and as the wound enlarges the small attracts other females. The animal can

die within days. Toros said the eradication technique seeks to introduce into an area 10 sterile males for every local female. Because the female screwworm fly mates only once in a lifetime of three to six weeks. matings with sterile males eventually eliminate the potentially disastrous infesta-

The programme now has been held up because of bureaucracy, a slow response from nations to provide money, and an initial refusal by the United States to deal with Libya. Toros said \$30 million has been pledged of the programme's \$100 million

Despite the programme's four-month delay, project director Dan Lindquist said the infested area has been restricted to northern Libya. It's been done largely by the people in the area.

Many of the shepherds targetted in the propaganda campaign are illiterate. But

together with Libyan veterinarians they've helped contain the screwworm's spread by regularly checking their animals and quickly treating wounds.

Lindquist said the number of infected animals increased over the past year by 8,000 to 12,000 cases.

The infested zone starts about 10 kilometres east of the Tunisian border and runs past Tripoli along the Mediterranean coast for 300 kilometres. The zone reaches 50 to 100 kilometres inland.

Lindquist said officials are not immediately concerned about an eastward spread of the screwworm because of the harsh environment it would have to cross. But they are concerned about a westward migration to Tunisia. The technology using sterile

flies was developed and used successfully in the United States to eradicate the fly and bead off a devastating infestation of livestock in the American southwest and Mexico three decades ago.

The U.S. Agriculture Department said last week that the shipment of 3.5 million sterilised screwworze flies would be delivered to Libya this weekend.

James W. Glosser, administrator of the department's animal and plant health inspection services, said the sale of the flies to FAO "cuiminates more than year of negotiations" with the U.N. agency and Mexico.

"We recognise the sensitivity of ventures with Libya, but we also recognise the importance of preventing the spread of screwworms from Libva." Glosser said. "Our goal is to help protect livestock, wildlife and human health in southern Europe and Africa from this devastating pest."

cruise ship Achille Lauro in have to act on the basis that the (U.S.) aggression will take place October 1985. "The striking Palestinian at any moment." Peace group: Armies will attack 'over dead bodies'

BAGHDAD (R) — Peace activists from several countries are preparing to pitch camp in the Iraqi desert between opposing armies in the Gulf crisis, vowing that either side will only go to war "over our dead bodies."

An advance party from the Gulf peace team has bought tents, food, water purification tablets and cooking gear — as well as volleyballs, chess and backgammon sets and playing cards to pass the time.

But campaigners more accustomed to sitting down in front of trucks than tanks don't see their camp as a game.

"We are so dismayed at the catastrophe of war in the Middle East, which might even turn into a world war with nuclear weapons, that we say 'if you proceed, do it over our dead bodies," said veteran British activist Pat Arrowsmith. "You would have to be stupid

not to think that it might come to

Organisers expect several hundred people from around a dozen countries to stay at the camp at one time or another.

Iraqi authorities have allocated a site two kilometres from the Saudi border, in the Arar region southwest of Baghdad.

The site, originally built for pilgrims headed for Mecca, is on the border between Iraq and Saudi Arabia more than 500 kilometres west of Kuwait. Arrowsmith, who visited the

preparations for war. She said the Iraqis had told them troops from the multipational side were 15 kilometres away. She said they did not ask to pitch camp in Kuwait, which Iraq invaded on Aug. 2, "since

that could be interpreted as con-

site Friday, said she saw Iraqi

doning the occupation." The group, in a policy statement, distances itself from all parties in the dispute, "none of whom we consider blameless. It deplores "any human rights violations that have already

occurred in the area" and urges an end to them. Arrowsmith refused to be drawn into comment about widespread reports of alleged Iraqi atrocities in Kuwait.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE

•	1 TANKER	· OIL
•	15:30	Korse
	15:40	Programme review
		. Children programmes
		News Summary
		Local programme
		Programme review
		News in Arabic
	26-39	Arabic series
		Programme review
-		Local programme
		cws summary in Arabic
1	PROGRAMME	TWO
•	15-00	Cartoons
		L'ecole des fans

22:00 News in English 22:20 French leature film THE REPORT OF THE PARTY.

19:00 News in French

19:15 Carnet de Notes

19:39 News in Hebrew

20:00 News in Arabic

20:30 Charles in Charge

21:18 Documentary: "Assignment"

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(Suarise) Da	06:25
Dhu	
Magter	16:39
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CHURCHES

St. Mary of Namerth Church, Swelfieb Tel. 810740. Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785, 685326. St. Jeseph Claurch Tel. 624590. Church of the Assumciation Tel. De in Seile Church Tel. 661757 Terracente Church Tel: 622366 Charch of the Assumptiation Tel. 623541. Anglicae Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tci. St. Ephrains Church Tel. 771751. America International Church Tcl. Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Seints Tel. 815817, 654932. WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Meleurology.

It will be partly cloudy and winds will be westerly moderate. In Agaba, winds will be portherly moderate and seas cales.

Jordan Valley 11 / 23

Yesterday's high temperatures. Amman 16, Aqaba 23, Hamidity readings. Amman 65 per cent, Aquba 28 per USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY AMMAN Dr. Issam al Asmar 890050 Dr. Daoud Al Samhouri 689535

Dr. Ibrahim Abu Hamid 677436

Dr. Khaladous Kloub \$26919

Firm pharmacy 661912

Feldows pharmacy 778336

Nairouch pharmacy 623672

Yacoub pharmacy 644945 Shrocirani pharmacy 637660 Dr. Dr. Adel Hatamich (-) Al Sharan' pharmacy (985238)

ZARQA: Dr. Hisban Al Sharbani (—) Khalifeh pharmacy 985417

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre 637111

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Civil Defence Department 661111	
Civil Defence Immediate	
Rescue	
Civil Defence Emergency 199	
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777	
Fire Brigade 691228	
Blood Bank	
Highway Police	
Traffic Police	
Public Security Department 639321	
Hotel Complaints 605800	
Price Complaints	
Water and Comment	
Water and Sewerage	
Complaints 897467	
Azozza Municipality	
Complaints	
Telephone Information	
Guerran minimum	
(directory muistance)	
Overseas Calls 010230	
Central Amman Telephone	
Repairs	
Abdali Yelephone Repairs 661101	
Contra Telescina Coppess QUIVI	
lordan Television	

Radio Jordan 774111 Water Authority 680100 Jordan Electricity Anthority ... 815615 Electric Power Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS

AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amg 644281/6
Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2
Jabel Azumen Maternity 642362
Melhas, J. Ammag
Palestine Shmeisani 664171/4
Characteristics
Shmeirani Hospital
University Hospital 845845
Al-Massher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Abli, Abdali 664164/6
Indian, Al-Mahagroen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
Army, Marka
Gueca Alia Hospital 602240/50
Amel Hospital 674155
ZARQA;
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zarua National Hospital (09)991071
Ibo Sina Hospital (09)986732
IVE SHEE DESPEED THE (V7)700/32

Princess Basma Hospital .. (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 The Al Nafees Hospital.... (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 POR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia international Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. **APETVALS**

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONALAIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) e5:45 Singapore, Kush Lumpur (RJ) 09:15 Muscat (RJ) 19:15 Abu Dhabi (RJ) 10:30 Dubei (RJ) 14045 Joddah, Aquba (RJ) 14:55 Bahtzin Doha (RJ) 14:00 Chiro (R.I) 17:00 Montreal, New York (RJ) 19:00 Belgrade (RU)

21:35 Prankfort, Copenhagen (RJ) Rome (RJ) ---- Rome (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) 13:20 Moscow (SU) 13:25 Riyadb (SV) MS)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

DEPARTURES

(Terminal 1)

----- TripoE (RJ)

99:15 London (RJ) 11:30 Belgrade (RJ) 11:40 ____ Tripoli (RJ) 12:00 Cairo (RI) 12:00 Vienna, Frankfurt (RJ) 12:15 Vicana (RJ) 12:45 Rome, Madrid (RJ) 13:00 Geneva, Brussels (RJ) 13:15 Paris (RJ) 20:45 Bahrain, Doha (RJ) 21:98 Dhahran (RI) 21:26 Cairo (RI) 21:45 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) 22:15 Larrace (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

09:15 Beirst (ME)

Cucumbers (small)	360/3
Dates	500 / 4
Eggolant	170/1
Gartic	
Grapes	
Lemon	
Mallow	
Marrow (large)	
Marrow (small)	
Omor (dry)	740 / 1
Omon (green)	220 / 5
	200 1 E
A	- A 15
Pepper (hot)	120 /
Pepper (sweet)	320 / 2
Radich	150/1
Sage sam paparanappra	650 / 5
Spenich	180 / 1
Tomatoes	

MARKET PRICES

Apple ---- 550 / 450

Banana (Mukammar) 450 / 400

Cocumbers (large) 150 / 100

Carrot

Carliflower

Com

Upperflower price in fils per kg.

120 / 80

200 / 150

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Seminar tackles children's safety

AMMAN (J.T.) - Her Majesty Queen Noor Tuesday opens at Amman Piaza a national seminar on children's safety at home, which the Noor Al Hussein Foundation's health communications project is organising in cooperation with the Ministry of Health.

The two-day seminar will seek to develop a comprehensive national programme that will coordinate the efforts of all the institutions and organisations engaged in, or concerned about the safety of children at bome.

Working papers will highlight the urgency of adopting the provention of children's injuries as a basic component of primary health care in Jordan and the need to gather information on children's injuries in general, and those occurring while at home in particular, in a bid to establish an integrated data system linked to all the agencies that deal with their injuries, such as hospitals, health centres, public security, and civil defence organisations, and statistics and research establishments.

American anti-war activist finally gets visa to Iraq

By Debbie Lovatt Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - After waiting patiently in Amman for a visa to Iraq for two and a half months, William Brown, an American Vietnam veteran, left for Baghdad Monday to pursue his one-man mission of speaking out against war in the Golf.

A down-to-earth family man who was discharged from the army on medical grounds, the 38-year-old burly truck-driver from Sioux Falls, South Dakota, hopes to meet Iraci President Saddam Hussein whilst in Baghdad. He is not a pacifist since he believes "in fighting for what you believe in."

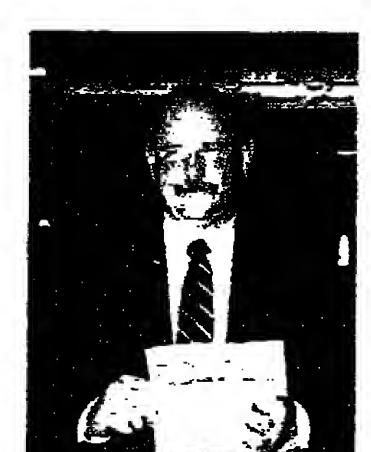
"I am fighting U.S. President George Bush; mine is a war against war," said Brown just before he left. "It is not the politicians who go to war and it is not their children who get killed. It is people like me, the common people, the ones who have no voice," said Brown in explaining why he was going to Bachdad.

Throughout his ten-week stay in Amman, Brown has seen many peace delegations pass through the country, but had his visa application continually turned down until pressure from friends and officials in Jordan became too much for the visaissuing powers a few days ago and they reiented.

There seems to be no reason behind the trouble Brown has had obtaining a visa except "if you're a part of a group you have no real identity, but if you're on your own everything is focused on you as an individual." Another reason for the problem Brown had in getting a visa may have been that he was "not just requesting a visa but also an audience with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on the same

application." At the airport Monday Brown was reluctant to talk to journal-

ists. "I didn't come here to get



William Brown

my name in the papers," he said, "and I haven't done anything yet. All I've been doing is waiting for my visa."

During his prolonged wait in Jordan, Brown took part in several marches and rallies in solidarity with Iraq and in sympathy with the Iraqi people who, he knows, will be the only ones really affected by the U.N.imposed blockade on the com-

Church team leaves

A delegation comprising eight leaders of American churches representing 42 million Americans also left for Iraq Monday. The delegation came together following a meeting of the National Council of Churches of Christ which was held in November in Portland, Oregon.

The church leaders are on a peace mission and feel strongly that the Gulf crisis should be solved in an Arab-Arab forum and that Jordan should be allowed to play a major role. Other two American church delegations are visiting the region. One is in Israel and the

other is visiting Lebanon and

Fund to finance small-size income-generating projects

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Industrial Development Bank (IDB) has created a special fund for development and employment benefitting private citizens and groups by financing their income-generating projects.

A bank spokesman said that the fund would soon start offering grants and low-interest loans for projects designed to stimulate the socio-economic sector in the country, especially in the rural and less fortunate or less developed regions of the King-

"The fund will be financing small-size projects, like those pertaining to the socio-economic infrastructure, for financing the purchase of equipment and for training personnel in managing projects," the spokesman

He said that surveys and feasibility studies would have to be carried out in the first place to determine the requirements of each project before loans can be

According to the spokesman, the fund will draw its resources from the Jordanian treasury, public and private institutions, grants and other sources approved by the government under recommendation from the Ministry of Planning.

The spokesman said that a special IDB committee had been appointed to manage the fund's grants and loans, comprising representatives of the bank itself and the ministries of labour. planning, social development and finance as well as the Voca-

tional Training Corporation. The committee, he added, meets once a month to decide on steps to be taken in the course of granting or approving loans and grants, for drawing up the fund's strategies or to determine areas which can be granted loans and

The announcement of the creation of the fund coincided with one by the European Community office here which said in a statement that the European Investment Bank (EIB), the European Community's bank for long term finance, was supporting small and medium-sized industrial projects in Jordan with more than \$12.5 million. The funds, it said, are provided in the form of a global loan to the Industrial Development Bank for relending in smaller

The IDB plays an important role in providing medium and long-term finance for small and medium-sized industrial ventures. Including the current loan, the EIB has advanced 37.3 million European Currency Units (ECUs) (\$44.76) million) in global loans to IDB, of which 3.8 million ECUs was drawn from the budgetary resources of the European Community in the form of loans on special condi-

amounts.

tions and of risk capital. The loan, for 12 years, is being made available under the third EC-Jordan financial protocol (1988-1991). The protocol provides for 63 million ECUs from the EIB's own resources and, from the community's budget, 35 million ECUs in grant aid and 2 million in risk capital. The risk capital is managed by the EIB under mandate - from the European Commission given on behalf of the EC.

With the new loan to IDB, the European Investment Bank has advanced 49 million ECUs under the third protocol, of which I million ECUs in risk capital. Previous financing under the "protocol covered support for extension and reinforcement of the electricity network and global loans for small-scale investment by local anthorities as well as small and medium-sized agricultural and industrial ventures.



Minister of Planning Khaled Amin Abdullah and Japan's amhassador to Jordan Tadayaki Noneyana Monday sign loan memoranda (Petra photo)

Japan grants \$83 m loan

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Japanese government is granting Jordan \$83 million in what was described by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, as a corrective loan for industry and trade. according to memoranda signed here Monday.

The Ministry of Planning, where the signing ceremony took place, said in a statement that the loan would help finance Jordan's imports of commodities and services in conjunction with the World Bank which had carhier supplied Jordan with a "corrective loan" totalling \$150 mil-

lion approved in 1989. According to the statement, the Japanese loan will serve as

part of the Japanese govern-

ment's contribution towards backing the Kingdom's 1991 fiscal budget.

Last month Japan announced it was offering Jordan a \$100 million loan as part of its assistance to the Kingdom to help it purchase various commodities and to help it overcome severe economic losses sustained as a result of the situation in the Gulf

That loan carries a one per cent annual interest, and is repayable over 30 years, including a grace period of 10 years. Minister of Planning Khaled Amin Abdullah and Japan's Ambasador to Jordan Tadayuki Nonoyama signed the memoran-

Hourani thanks King

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday received a cable from the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) Cultural Department head and member of the Executive Committee Abdullah Hourani. Hourani thanked the King for patronising the Jordanian-Palestinian cultural week which concluded in Amman Saturday.

Population committee endorses health plan

AMMAN (J.T.) — The National Population Committee (NPC) held a meeting under the chairmanship of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma and endorsed a national health programme concerning birth spacing prepared by the committee's general sec-

According to the committee's Secretary Dr. Mohammad Abdul Hadi Al Akel, the programme aims at safeguarding child and mother health, benefitting from Jordan's experiments over the past decades in the fields of health and education, and in the light of the socioeconomic achievements in the Kingdom.

The committee's programme gives due attention to mother and child care with stress on birth spacing and breast feeding. "Such a programme is to be considered as the first step towards moving on towards a general population policy which will embody all matters related to all sectors of population and take into consideration the social and national dimensions," said

Al Akel in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra. He said that the health programme, to be implemented

under the committee's supervi-

sion, will be carried out through cultural and media messages quoting verses of the Holy The cultural programmes, he said, will be carried out in cooperation with health centres, the

Royal Medical Services, the Jordan University Hospital, private health clinics and nongovernmental institutions. The population committee, which is chaired by Minister of Labour Qaseem Obeidat, groups secretaries-general of the ministries of planning, awast and Islamic affairs, information, education and health in addition

to the directors-general of the departments of passports and civil registration, statistics, the Armed Forces, universities, the General Federation of Jordanian Women and Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund (QAF). Princess Basma is chairperson of the QAF's board of trustees.

House discusses regional issues, endorses amendments

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Upper House of Parliament held a session Monday to review the general situation in the Gulf and the occupied Arab territories and Prime Minister Mudar Badran and Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem presented detailed statements to the House dealing with Jordan's stand with regard to the two issues.

"The House was also briefed on His Majesty King Hussein's endeavours, at the Arab and international levels, to achieve a political settlement to the Guif crisis," said House Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, after the meeting.

"The House emphasized the need for dispatching popular delegations to Arab and Islamic nations and friendly countries to rally support for Jordan's call for peace and an Arab-Arab dialogue, said Lawzi.

The House members discussed the principles of the Jordanian political stand with regard to the Gulf issue, and the current

events in the occupied Arab territories, according to Lawzi. He said that the House members voiced their full backing of His Majesty King Hussein's appeal to various nations to help open an Arab-Arab dialogue which aims at safeguarding Arab interests and dignity.

At the outset of the session the House endorsed amendments to laws on income tax. residence and aliens affairs. state-owned land, the martyrs of the armed forces' fund, and the

orphans' fund. The speakers at Monday's session included Mohammad Rasoul Keilani, Hamad Al Farhan, Ishaq Al Farhan, Amin Shuqair, Ali Abu Nowar and Ahmad Obeidat.

Obeidat, a former prime minister and chairman of Royal Commission entrusted with preparing the national charter, said in a statement that "unless the Arabs find a solution for the problem, the matter will be left for the United States and world. Zionism, and the Arab Nation will be the loser."

EXHIBITIONS

* Exhibition entitled 'L'orient des cafes' at the French Cultural Centre.

* Art exhibition by Mukarram Haghendogs at the Spenish Cultural Centre.

* Christmas shopping areades organised by the Noor Al Husseln Foundation at Hotel Jerdan Intercontinental (open 3 - 10 a.m.) LECTURE

& Lecture entitled "Personal Interpretation of the Concept of the Goethe Institute - 7:00 p.m.

COLLOQUIUM __

r Informal session with Rind Khouri on "Ghost Stories" at the British Coopell at 5:00 p.m. Khouri will discuss ghosts in English literature in the period from the 17th to the 20th CERCIE J.

Italian envoy stresses his country's condemnation of Israeli practices

AMMAN (J.T.) — Italian Ambassador here Francesco de Courten Monday voiced his country's total condemnation of Israel's illegal practices against the Palestinian people in the occupied Arab territories and said that the European Community (EC) countries strongly oppose Israeli anthorities' demolition of Arab homes, deportation of Palestinians, arrests and restrictions of the Palestinians' movements.

Emphasising the importance of the EC's declaration passed by the community members in Rome Saturday, de Courten said it covered the Arab-Israeli crisis. the Gulf problem and Lebanon, but he noted that this was not the first time the community discussed and took decisions concerning these issues.

The leaders of the European Community ended a two-day summit in the Italian capital with a call on Iraq to withdraw its troops from Kuwait, and a reaffirmation of support for an international peace conference on the

Arab-Israeli conflict. In his statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, the Italian ambassador said the European Community called on Israel to

conform to the will of the international community by implementing Security Council resolutions concerning the protection of the civilian population under occupation. He said that the EC was deter-

mined to provide all possible help to the Palestinians in the occupied Arab lands. "We also support the idea of

an international conference to bring about peace in the region, to be held under United Nations auspices and with the participation of all the concerned parties including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), and at the appropriate time," Courten

He said that by "appropriate time" the community meant that ways had to be found for such a conference since "preparations for it are not an easy task." In reply to a question on

whether Israel would respond favourably to the EC calls, he said that the Israeli position visa-vis the resonlutions was known to be negative. But he expressed hope that this position would change in the future.

De Courten said that the Itahan foreign minister had been quoted as saying in recent statements that Israel might find itself to be facing measures designed to isolate it from the rest of the world community if it continued to pursue its present policies in be region.

De Courten said the EC had emphasised its willingness to activate and promote the Euro-Arab dialogue which, he said, is bound to help promote bilateral relations.

Referring to the Gulf issue, de Courten said that the EC supported a dialogue between Washington and Baghdad to reach a solution to the Gulf crisis and he expressed hope that the two sides would come to an agreement on a date for starting

the dialogue.

De Courten said that the Itahan and Iraqi foreign ministers would meet within or outside the framework of the American-Iraqi dialogue. "It is hoped that the Arab countries for this part will pursue their efforts to play a leading role in finding a settlement of the Gulf crisis," said Courten.

The ambassador added that there were good indicators "leading everyone to believe that there will be a political solution to the crisis because everyone aspires to have peace and no one wants to see a devastating war."

But he stressed that finding a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis could by no means settle all the region's outstanding problems A new world order, he said, should take into consideration the areas of the Gulf and the Mediterranean and that there should be a standing conference on security and cooperation in these regions along the lines of the Helsinki Conference.

Sit-in to protest Israeli practices continues

By same Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A sit-in at the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) office continued for a second day Monday to protest the Israeli measures against Palestinians in the occupied territories and Israeli attempts to desecrate Islamic and Christian holy places and turning Jerusalem into a Jewish

Around 300 men and mostly women staged the sit-in, organised by the newly-formed Popular Committee for the Defence of Jerusalem (PCD-Jerusalem), for six hours as they listened to short speeches by political leaders and sang nationalist songs.

Jordanian and Palestinian flags and placards covered the entrance of the UNDP. "No to the Judaisation of the Islamic and Christian holy place," Jerusalem is eternally Arab." and "the presence of foreign military forces in the Gulf is support to the Zionist occupation," read

some of the banners. Addressing the protestes, Abbas Zaki of the Central Committee of Fatch of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). warned that the harsher the Israeli measures against Palestinians, the more persistent and determined the Palestinian reaction will be.

The determination to contime their struggle witll persist stronger as Israel tries to brutalise and deport Palestinians from their homes," Zaki said through the loadspeaker.

He blamed the Arab leaders supporting the U.S.-led military presence in the Gulf, saying that they have deserted the "battlefield" of the Palestinian struggle for liberation and that they have "allowed the massacres against Palestinians to take place."

Zaki described the protest as a message to Jerusalem that the indigenous Palestinian inhabitants were not alone in their fight, and that the PCD-Jerusalem should expand to all Arab countries. He said that the Arab masses, regardless of their leaders' official policies, would be active under such a committee that would help fight for Jerusalem to remain with its Arab Islamic and Christian

identity. Tayseer Zibri, secretarygeneral of the Jordanian Popular Democratic Unity Party, described the protest as "evidence that Jordanians and Palestinians will never accept the Judaisation of Jerusalem and a shout against the Shamir schemes which contradict international law."

Speaking to the crowd, Zibri said that PCD-Jerusalem was



A group of young people Monday protest Israeli practices in the occupied Arab territories in front

of the UNDP office in Amman (photo by Youself Al

founded because of "Arab impotency." He added that the deportation of Palestinians would not stop the Palestinian struggie, "no matter what the sacrifices are."

He commended statements made by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, which was broadcast Sunday, that "if oil is the dearest to you, then we want to tell you that Jerusalem is dearest to us."

Also addressing the protesters was Zarka Deputy Bassam Haddadin, from the Democratic Bloc in Parliament, who said that the protest was a message for the world that Jordan was united in its position on Jeru-

"The world should know that all of us - Jordanians, Palestimians, Christians and Muslims alike - are prepared to defend Jerusalem as an Arab Palestinian city," Haddadin said. He called on similar activities

and protests to take place in all Arab and Muslim countries to "insist on retaining the proper identity of Jerusalem."

Adnan Husseini, a member of the PCD-Jerusalem, said that those who give up Jerusalem are giving up on Palestine.

"Jerusalem is ours and will continue to be ours - Arab in its culture and heritage — despite all conspiracies. This identity cannot be obliterated as long as Palestinian children are being born and their blood sacrificed," Husseini said.

PCD-Jerosalem delivered an appeal to the secretary-general of the U.N. and to the president of the General Assembly, calling on immediate action by the U.N. to force Israel into abiding by Security Council resolutions relating to Jerusalem and Pales-

was handed to the UNDP resi-The committee called on the U.N. and the Security Council to impose mandatory sanctions on Israel as a means, of implementing the international resolutions giving Palestinians

their right to an independent state in the occupied territories, including Jerusalem. "Recent signs of an intended Israeli escalation of the use of force in the occupied territories.

against the people and the land, and the imminent Israeli plans to violate the sanctity of the holy place through such fanatic organisations like the so-called Temple Mount Faithful, and the declared intention of the Israeli government to resume its policy of expelling Palestinians from the occupied territories, including Jerusalem, in blatant violation of the Geneva Convention. requires immediate action by the Security Council and the General Assembly of the U.N. to use all effective measures at its disposal, including the application of mandatory sanctions against Israel," said the memo, which

dent representative in Amman. The appeal also called on U.N. to offer protection to Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, and to protect "their natural right according to the Geneva Convention."

The memo added that the Israeli attempts to desecrate Muslim and Christian holy places and the continued brutal measures against the Palestinians should call on the international community to "assume its responsibilities and uphold its obligations, and apply one standard on all issues under its jurisdiction." The memo concluded that a

final settlement to "this tragedy which befell the Palestinians and hit the world conscience for more than four decades" would only be achieved through a just settlement guaranteeing Palestinian self-determination and the establishment of their independent state on their national soil under the leadership of their sole representatives," the PLO.



WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

Tradition and Ismovation in Architecture" by Jafar Touque at

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Jordan Times

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Time to listen

ZBIGNEW BREZENSKI, national security adviser to former U.S. President Jimmy Carter, spoke on behalf of many Arabs when he analysed the situation in the Gulf in a television interview two days ago. In his analysis he identified the countries that have a vested interest in a major conflagration in the Gulf as Israel, Saudi Arabia (but not all of it), Britain and Kuwait (but not all Kuwaitis). Israel's right-wing Likudniks want the destruction of Iraq's war machine, he said, and do not care about Kuwait per se one way or another. Britain has too much monetary investment in Kuwait and sees only the sterling pound in its dealings with the crisis. The Kuwaiti government is so desperate that some of its members are recommending even the use of nuclear weapons to "liberate" their country. The Saudi dynasty is split right down the middle because its wisest members see their country occupied by a variety of foreign troops for the first time in centuries and their huge oil wells threatened with destruction. And for what, they ask.

The irony, as Brezenski asserted, is that all these parties want war with U.S. troops doing the fighting at a time when America has no real national interest in the whole mess of fighting a war. What Carter's former adviser is suggesting in essence is that the U.S. has been taken for a ride. One cannot agree more with Brezenski's diagnosis of the situation. One fails to see where and how U.S. national interests can be truly advanced through a war in the Gulf region. Iraq was once a friend of the U.S. and could easily revert to that status when the dust settles. Furthermore, lrag is feeling the pinch of the blockade imposed against it, and has sent repeated signals that it seeks an equitable compromise even before the West turned militant against it and used the U.N. Security Council in order to adopt one resolution after the other against it. And if Iraq's mass destruction weapons are what is at stake there must be better ways to deal with that matter than resorting to war. Israel is twenty years ahead of Iraq in nuclear technology and, therefore, it is hard to believe the Israeli contentions in this regard. As has been stated before, any comprehensive agreement on the Gulf situation can — and should — also address the possession and development of mass destruction weapons in the Middle East region as a whole. All in all, therefore, there is really no need to go to war over Kuwait notwithstanding U.N. Resolution 678. The arguments in favour of pursuing the quest for a negotiated settlement are stronger and wiser. With Thatcher now out of the way from the British helm, President Bush has less pressure to cope with. The Israeli pressure is most damaging since it is obviously runs counter to long-term U.S.-Arab relations. Washington should listen carefully to what Brezenski had to say. At a time when rationality seems to be giving way to bellicosity in Washington, here comes a man who wants to bring it back.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily Monday described American policies with regard to the Middle East crisis as doubled faced and following underhand dealings. While Washington issues a statement deploring Israel's decision to deport the Palestinian from their homeland, it pursues efforts at the Security Council to delay any action that might condemn Israel's atrocities or provide protection to the Palestinians in the face of Israel's illegal actions, like the deportation of Palestinians, said Al Ra'i. Indeed, the United States, in collusion with the Soviet Union, is threatening to veto any resolution that would " an international conference on the Middle East or provide protection to the Palestinians, said the paper. Washington's denunciation of Israel's deportation act is a naive show of sympathy with the Palestinians at a time when it continues to support the aggressors against the victims and to provide them with the means to perpetuate their occupation of Palestinian land, said the paper. The Zionist lust for blood and for evicting all the Palestinians from their lands is backed by the United States which continues to provide the means for oppression and terrorism against the oppressed people. The paper said that Washington's condemnation of Israel's deportation was in fact an expression on the part of the United States of its displeasure at seeing four Arabs escaping the terrorism of the Israeli authorities for which Washington has been supplying the means and the tools to obliterate the Palestinian entity.

wide scale civil wars will soon break out in the Soviet Union as a direct result of dissatisfaction with Moscow's current policies on the domestic and the foreign fronts. Husui Ayesh says that the Soviet people are starving and begging for food from the West, at a time when the dismantling of the vast Soviet empire is drawing pearer everyday. Of course Gorbachev is considered a hero in the West for saving the United States and Western Europe further military and economic burdens as a result of the end of the cold war and confrontation with the East, on the one hand, and for destroying the unity of the Soviet Union, transforming the once super-power into a country of the second degree, says the writer. Gorbachev and his foreign minister have sold themselves to the West, succumbing to Washington's will and rubber stamping all the decisions that come from Washington at the expense of Soviet principles and long standing policies, says the writer. For example. Moscow has now given up its quest to convene an international conference to find a solution for the Middle East conflict and has backed the United States in its political and military stands vis-a-vis Iraq, he notes. A total of 280 million Russian people are now feeling the pinch as a direct result of Gorbachev's policies which were introduced under the pretext of perestroika and glassnost, deceiving the Soviet people into believing that they were a blessing, the writer continues. He says that these policies have resulted in total anarchy within the Soviet Union and a near breakdown of law and order in many cities, as well as disturbances that would end up in civil wars.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily believes a military coup or

Saudi Arabia witnesses the rise of a crisis from within

By Neil MacFarquhar The Associated Press

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia — Islamic conservatives are complaining about how the country is run and question the wisdom of letting hundreds of thousands of foreign troops into the country, Saudi and diplomatic sources report.

The sources point to several incidents in which the muttawa, or religious police, have cracked down on what they consider unacceptable behaviour in this theocratic Islamic state.

Conservatives have not dared criticise the ruling Al-Saud family by name, but a muttawa officer recently gave a princess a public tonguelashing for the way her foreign maid was dressed.

A muttawa raiding party recently scaled the wall of a perfume manufacturer's mansion in Jeddah after apparently being told there were unmarried women and liquor at a party there.

The muttawa, usually armed with sticks but sometimes with guns, took along an Islamic judge who gave some partygoers jail sentences of up to two years.

Among the partygoers were several Saudi military officers and an interpreter who translated for King Fahd during U.S. President George Bush's Thanksgiving visit last month. A diplomatic party in Riyadh was raided by the muttawa in November.

Un-Islamic behaviour like the consumption of alcohol. mixed sex socialising and immodest dress are particular

Saudi Arabia's ruling princes must balance demands from the grassroots Muslim puritans who brought the Al-Saud family to power and the desire for

change among the educated elite, according to the sources. Some liberals have come to believe the presence of so many foreigners can accelerate change in a kingdom that has clung doggedly to Islamic

tradition. But four months after Western troops arrived, a backlash may be developing.

Underground cassettes criticise the government. They ask indirect questions about state spending and use historical allegories to make political

had been ordered not to fight Iraq in order to avoid spilling the blood of fellow Arabs.

After Fahd invited the Americans and their allies to defend the kingdom, he sought a ruling, or fatwa, from religious scholars that Islamic law allowed the use of non-Muslim soldiers in times of peril.

"They couldn't criticise the deployment of foreign forces because the king wanted it," a long-term Arab resident said. Like everyone else inter-

viewed, he spoke on condition of anonymity due to the sensi-Underground cassettes criticise the government.

They ask indirect questions about state spending and use historical allegories to make political points. One says an 11th-century Islamic king in Spain invited a stronger king to protect him against a third and the stronger king decided to stay. In other words, it is questioning whether U.S. troops will leave when asked.'

One says an 11th-century Islamic king in Spain invited a stronger king to protect him against a third and the stronger king decided to stay. In other words, it is questioning whether U.S. troops will leave when asked.

The tapes cite U.S. studies during the Arab oil embargo in 1973 on how to take over the Gulf oilfields, lending support to a popular theory that Washington planned the current crisis for that purpose.

Questions are being asked about the billions of dollars spent on defence. Despite a high-tech arsenal, the Saudi military was not able to confront Iraqi forces when they tookover Kuwait on Aug. 2.

That prompted government announcements that the army

Last month, about 10 women drove cars through the capital Riyadh in an unprecedented protest of a ban on women driving.

tive nature of political issues.

men, responded that the women should be divorced and publicly flogged for defying tradition. Some tried to link the event the American embassy by circulating an invitation to a dinner dance, another taboo, that allegedly was found in a driver's purse.

"The atmosphere in the country is charged." a Saudi official said. "The liberals are demanding more say in the government and the conservatives are saying "we're being run over."

No public means of debate is

available. The press is muzzled and political parties are illegal. "People who are Wester-

nised don't have a forum to meet and exert pressure," the long-time resident noted. "The other group has heritage, institutions, a party line, so they'll always have an edge in the struggle." Diplomats say the religious element is not a focused opposition likely to oust the king, as happened in Iran in 1979. The royal family has "the power to put on the brakes," a Western envoy

observed. Warrior predecessors of the zealots - the Ikhwan, or brothers, who helped unify the kingdom in the 1920s — tried to rebel against King Abdul Aziz in 1929. He crushed

Islam's two holiest sites, Mecca and Medina, are in Sandi Arabia and a king who uses the title the custodian of the two holy mosques cannot ignore religious issues.

"How can you claim to be the custodian of the two holy mosques and bring in an idea that clashes with the Islamic sharia?" said an Islamic scholar, referring to the legal code of Islam. "It's too sensitive."

Princes in important government posts acknowledge that some questioning is valid, but said most critics don't understand the Iraqi threat.

"The people who are really

An Arab ambassador, who Saudi Arabia."

Zealous mullahs, or clergy-

against (foreign troops) have no ground to stand on," a ranking prince said. He claimed they had no effect on public opinion.

spoke on condition of anonymity, said, however: "Muslims in many countries think you have to go to true religion to find the answers to the problems they're now facing. The foreign forces woke that up in

Economic frustration sparked Fez riots university degrees." said

By Stephen Hughes Reuter

RABAT — Frustration over economic hardship, bleak job prospects and unfulfilled government pledges fuelled this week's riots in Morocco's ancient walled city of Fez.

"The frustration factor is like a pressure cooker that must let off steam or explode," said a veteran Western diplomat. "It is common to all Maghreb (North African) states and is aggravated by the pressure of population

Eyewitnesses said few of the 20,000 rioters who stormed through the narrow alleys of the old city and into the modern town, burning and looting, were over 25. Some were only 15.

Many were from Kairouyine University — the world's oldest, founded in the year 857 - or the modern Sidi Mohamed ben Abdullah University outside the city walls.

"Morocco is a young country. Well over half the population is under 25. And most of them are extremely frustrated. No prospects of jobs, not even with Mohamed Alaoni Titna, a local trade union official. He said riots in 1981 and 1984

also saw mobs of students and jobless young people venting their frustration in an orgy of vandalish and looting in Casablanca and inland cities. Officials said at least five people died and 127 were injured in the Fez explosion on Friday and

Saturday. But opposition, trade union and medical sources said the toll was at least 33 killed after the army moved in with The demonstrator's main

targets seemed to be symbols of wealth - banks, jewellers, fashion boutiques, private limousines and luxury tourist

They stormed the five-star Merinides Hotel, a tourist landmark overlooking the old city's battlements, and rampaged through the 200 rooms stealing television sets and setting fire to the curtains until it was reduced to a blackened shell.

The riots coincided with a general strike called on Friday by two trade unions, the Confed-

eration Democratique du Travail (CDT) and the Union Generale des Travailleurs Marocains (UGTM), which are linked to the main opposition parties. But the rioters had no links

with the unions or political parties, witnesses said. "Some agitators may have been either leftists or Islamic fundamentalists from the universities, but the mass were just jobless with no prospects," a

municipal councillor said. Trade union leaders said they rejected government appeals to postpone the stoppage on the strength of a promise that wages and family allowances would be increased later this month.

"We have no faith in government promises. We demand something concrete." CDT Secretary-Gerneral Noubir Al Amaoui said.

The unions want the minimum wage doubled and have a dozen other demands which they say have built up during a 15-year "social truce" agreed during Morocco's war with left-wing Polisario guerrillas over the Western Sahara.

Since both sides agreed in 1988 to settle the dispute with a

referendum under United Nations auspices, opposition criticism of the government has intensified. Hardships have been exacer-

bated by an austerity or "economic readjustment" programme introduced at the behest of the World Bank and International Monetary Fund in the mid-1980s when Morocco had a foreign debt of up to \$22 billion.

The Gulf crisis has also had its effect, increasing petrol prices. Food and services have risen between seven and 15 per cent this year but wages have been frozen, the unions say.

Officials say about 1.5 million of Morocco's 25 million people are unemployed but the unions claim there are five million job-

Whatever the reality, prospects of new jobs are bleak, although King Hassan has said he hopes to create 50,000 new

jobs a year in the next five years. The draft 1991 austerity budget proposes creation of only 15,210 new jobs next year when an estimated 350,000 school leavers will join the labour mar-

LETTERS

The Gulf crisis, what next?

To the Editor:

THIS thorny topic is everybody's concern, not only in this region but worldwide. It surely is not the first or the last crisis but it is certainly unique in its timing when a new era started to dawn, the era which witnessed the hammering of last nail in the cold war period. A similar and indeed a global crisis was on the verge of eruption in 1961 when the superpowers threatened a showdown which was luckily evaded by the compromise reached between Mr. Mikovan of the USSR and U.S. President Kennedy. The compromise included the lifting of the U.S. blockade on Cuba and its undertaking not to attack Cuba against the dismantling of the Soviet missiles in Cuba.

The tension associated with the Gulf crisis since Aug. 2, 1990. was relaxed remarkably by President Bush's declaration of his intentions to send Mr. J. Baker to Baghdad and to receive Mr. T. Aziz in Washington. The relief was felt and expressed in all countries. A few, however, were disappointed. Thus Mr. Kissinger spoke of his deep sorrow and concern over the return of some 400,000 U.S. soldiers safely home unscathed without leaving victims behind. Another warmonger even stated that Bush betrayed the world just as Premier Chamberlaine did before the World War II!

It is hoped, generally, that Iraq and the U.S. will bring to a successful conclusion the forthcoming meetings. As President Saddam Hussein put it, it is substance that counts. It is indeed a chance which should not be lost.

· If, God forbids, the meetings fail, the military option will be the only course. Both parties are armed to the teeth and each has his argument

affect this region primarily and even the world at large. The Arab World and especially the Palestinian cause will lose in a matter of weeks what was achieved in the last few decades. The impact on the world at large will result from the acute shortage of oil, now that the strategic reserves themselves have been partially

and even legal cover. But the outcome of such an explosion will

drained. This fund shortage will trigger a high increase in the prices of energy, products, services... etc., and the so-called recession will become a real depression which even now is being felt in certain regions. If, as it is sincerely hoped, the meetings end successfully, a

bright prospect will then await humanity and will crown the Paris meetings ending the cold war. It will affect standards of living and avenue to peace based on justice in this region positively. This is a goal which all of us have been waiting for the last 45 years thus it would be possible to: a) Reach a peaceful solution to the Palestine problem based

on justice and the resolutions of the U.N. General Assembly and Security Council, in line with the manner through which other world issues were solved and away from double standards.

b) Establish ways and means to achieve social justice not only in any one country, but between the rich oil countries and the rest of the Arab World.

c) Update most regimes by a process of democratisation and thus end many archaic and outdated systems snubbed by their own allies and consequently live in line with the spirit of the era. d) Achieve a voluntary Arab unity, not of one region only,

but of all Arab countries based on firm economic, social and finally political association. These and other positive and useful goals can only be

considered if a peaceful solution of the crisis is achieved. They are goals which have been our dream for generations, and are worth any sacrifice.

> Mohammad Melhim Barrister at Law P.O. Box 9796 Jabal Luwelbdeh Ammen.

Preparing for a long stay?

By Rick Atkinson and Molly Moore

WASHINGTON — The U.S. military is constructing a vast logistical system in the Gulf that will be capable of sustaining more than 400,000 troops for at least a year if President George Bush decides to delay going to war against Iraq, according to American plan-

Keeping such a huge force ready for combat until next winter would be expensive and difficult, but clearly manageable, the planners said.

To feed, clothe, shelter and arm the troops, the staff working for Major General William G. Pagonis, chief logistician for Operation Desert Shield, has grown from 300 in early August to 25,000 now. The logistical infrastructure being developed will be serving more than a million meals and delivering up to 700 tonnes of

mail every day. A fleet of more than 2,000 trucks has been assembled to distribute the nearly 80,000 tonnes of materiel the Defence Department estimates will be needed every month to sustain

the force. General Colin L. Powell, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, acknowledged in congressional testimony last week that the 430,000 U.S. troops committed to the Gulf could be maintained for a year, even without fully activating the re-

Since Mr. Bush announced the virtual doubling of U.S. forces in the Gulf last month, some congressional leaders and military analysts have questioned whether the deployment could be sustained for more than a few months. Their worry has been that the president would be forced to "use or lose" the force because of overwhelming long-term logistical problems — a concern raised repeatedly by, among others, Senator Sam Services Committee.

Mr. Bush has referred to "a ticking of the clock" limiting the time left for a peaceful

resolution of the Gulf crisis. But military planners in the United States and Saudi Arabia now believe that improved supply lines and depots, increased Saudi assistance and the experience gained so far from Operation Desert Shield mean that the deployment could be sustained at least through next year. Furthermore, officials hope to avoid some of the problems that plagued the initial troop deployment by substantially beefing up logistical support in the Gulf before the new wave of combat troops arrives. If the clock is ticking, they suggest, it should not be because of logis-

At the same time, keeping 430,000 troops in the Gulf will exact an enormous price, even if the logistical problems are mastered. Administration sources estimate that without a shot being fired, Desert Shield will cost about \$30 billion in the fiscal year that began Oct. 1. and the harsh desert environment will take a toil on a broad variety of equipment

tical concerns.

and weapons, from tents to tanks.

Moreover, because most of the Marine and heavy army combat forces are already deployed to the Gulf, there are not enough fresh troops to replace those in the desert. Commanders fear that lack of rotation will cause severe morale problems if the crisis drags on beyond this winter, a consideration that could weigh as heavily as the issue of sustainment. To keep the force at full strength, the military's recently announced "stop-loss" policy of sharply limiting retirements and resignations may

"I think from a pure military standpoint we could sustain them for a long period of time and we could keep the troops over there for years just like in World War II," General David C. Jones, former chairman of the Joint Chiefs, said recently, "Not that it wouldn't be at a

have to continue indefinitely

great cost." Whether the nation has the political will to sustain the force for long is an issue over which military commanders say they have no control; instead, they are focusing on the physical factors needed to support the huge U.S. presence in the Gulf.

To accommodate the additional 200,000 troops and their equipment now en route, military construction units are expanding aircraft ramps and parking aprons, building maintenance hangars at airfields and ports and laying roads across the desert. Traditionally, the ratio of combat troops to support troops has been roughly 1 to 3; for Desert Shield, a Pentagon spokesman said, the ratio could grow to 1 to 5 because of the distance and duration of the operation.

Port capacity has been doubled in recent weeks, according to General Pagonis, who Nunn. Democrat of Georgia 331 said his 2,000 trucks each make and chairman of the Armed. " an average," one-way haul of 222 miles (375 kilometres) across the Eastern Province of Sandi Arabia every day.

Perhaps the most critical supply need, except for food and water, has been munitions. Although huge quantities of bombs, artillery shells and ammunition already were repositioned in the Gulf region, military planners found certain stocks — particularly hightechnology missiles — in short supply. To fill the void, the services are moving substantial numbers from Europe and the United States, while also ordering new production runs from U.S. contractors.

By last month, for example the army had tapped its European stocks for 1,000 Hellfire and 3,000 Tow 2 anti-tank missiles, 4,000 105mm artillery rounds and 900,000 rounds for 25mm machine guns, according to army officials.

In general, Pentagon officials said, munition stockpiles are nearly full except for a few categories of war reserves. To avoid dipping excessively into those war stocks, commanders in Saudi Arabia said, "live fire" training sessions have been limited — The Herald Tribune.

Benjedid (Continued from page 1)

consulting and looking at many views."

The Egyptian leader said that Benjedid will continue consultations with other Arab leaders "in the hope that we can arrive at a formula to prevent war, which means destruction and devastation. Nothing has crystallised so

Mubarak, who has been more outspoken against Iraq than Benjedid, again demanded that Iraq leave Kuwait and restore the emirate's ousted govern ment.

Benjedid was greeted on arrival at Tripoli airport by Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi and his second-in-command, Major Abdul Salam Jalloud, the official news agency JANA said. Benjedid was expected in Tunis later Monday.

Jerusalem (Continued from page 1)

U.S. resolve in fighting a U.N. Security Council resolution calling for a Middle East peace conference.

"Of course the Americans are not happy about all that happened, including the timing,"

Zalman Shuval, Israel's ambassador to the United States, told Israel Radio. "But as we explained, every country needs to find the middle way between very important international considerations and ... security considerations." The Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) said the United Nations and the United States should stop Israel's expulsions of Palestinians. Bassam Abu Sharif, a spokesman for PLO chairman Yasser Arafat, noted that the decision

came right after Prime Minister

Yitzhak Shamir returned from \$ visit to Washington. That, he said in a statement, is a clear indication that the Israeli government has been encouraged and is still being encouraged by the position of the United States to continue in challenging the will of world community represented in U.N. Resolution 242, which calls on

Israel to withdraw from lands it occupied in 1967." The U.S. State Department said the latest expulsion orders violated the Fourth Geneva Convention, which proscribes treatment of people under

occupation. This calls for practical steps by the U.N. Security Council to protect the Palestinian people," said Abu Sharif.

DECEMBER.

the ratio could; because of the ात रक्टला **प्रका** :o General Pans his 2,000 majade verage. went miles (37) bine is the Eisen hat a Arama day is thaps the most ly need example ough auge quar bs. artiller & प्रमाधिक श्रीक्ष्में ह ioned in the Gate टार् होसामदाशेष्ट s — particular 10 logy missis-1 ces are moving bers from Emps:

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to the United Se Radio. "Bu b ed. every and the middle mi important in deranons and derations." e Palestine nisation (PLO) Williams and B. should stop land of Palestinian

ic. noted that right after pink after pink after pink after pink as Shamir reasons a lo Washington & in the said in 1st clear indication! ged and is . ged by the policy of States to the d Scales will be unity represent ution 242 white to writing. he isless comb. ed the Found antique, which he ment of people

910C

AMMAN - Princess Majda, the president of Al Hussein Society, has stressed the need of creating general awareness on disability among the Jordamans. She has called upon the people to treat the disabled as equals and at par with them. They should not be treated as second class citizen. The princess said that dis-

By Alka Raza

Special to the Jordan Times

ability should not be treated as merely a problem; it needs to be treated as an important social issue. "We still attach a stigma to disability and to having handicapped children, instead of helping them we hide them," she added. She warned that "we must bear in mind that it can be any one of us tomorrow."

Jordan has the second highest rate in the world of disabilities associated with automobile accidents, Princess Majda pointed out.

Princess Majda, 47, was talking to the Jordan Times on the eve of Al Hussein Society's annual bazaar to be held on Dec. 16 at the Marriott Hotel. The bazaar, which is a fund raising event, is organised every year with the help of the

international community. Married to Prince Ra'd, Chief Chamberlain at the Royal Court, who is also dedicated to the cause of disabled. Princess Majda came to live here in 1963 along with her

'Dictates'

He has said the meetings will

(Continued from page 1)

not be negotiations, just an

opportunity to inform Iraq of the

consequences if it fails to honour

Baghdad wants the talks to

cover the Middle East disputes,

principally the Palestinian issue.

only a full withdrawai from

Knwait will satisfy them. But

Baghdad has never given a hint

"When we call for the linkage

of the Palestinian issue with the

current crisis ... we reaffirm that

Kuwait is part of Iraq, the 19th

province of Iraq, and this fact

will never be changed," Mon-

quoted civil defence officials as

saying half of Baghdad would be

darkened in a war-readiness drill

affecting millions of residents of

the east bank of the Tigris River.

out, saying only that it would be

held soon. Sirens would be

sounded and "special security

measures" taken, the agency

Iraqis were attending civil de-

fence training courses. These co-

vered first-aid, evacuation of the

wounded and the use of masks

for protection against chemical

Iraqis get nightly instruction

on television about precautions

against air attack by the U.S.-led

multinational forces in the Gulf.

still hopes for talks with Iraq but

said Iraqi forces must be out of

Kuwait by Jan. 15. Bush did not

In Washington, Bush said he

The agency said thousands of

said. It did not elaborate.

It gave no date for the black-

The Iraqi News Agency

day's statement said.

of compromise on this issue.

Iraq's opponents insist that

the resolution.

husband. Since then, she dedicated a large part of her time to social service. After the Arab-Israeli war of 1967 she devoted her energies specifically to the cause of the disabled.

The disabled are not second

class citizens — Princess Majda

"I started social work very gradually but the 1967 war changed the whole perspective of my life," she said recalling the war.

General awareness on disability, she said, "has improved over the years but still quite a number of them are laughed at, and teased, so they come back more emotionally disturbed and frustrated," she said painfully.

In same reference she said that the media has an important role to play. "In our country television is the most powerful media, it reaches to each and everyone," she said and called upon the media to join hands in this direction. She said that these issues may not be selling-stories but they are as important as any other story or may be more because they are aimed at humanitarian

Al Hussein Society, a nonprofit voluntary organisation founded in 1972, runs the Amman Centre of Education and Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped. This multifunctional institute is the only institute of its kind in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan. It has a school which serves approximately 150 physically handicapped students,

say what he would do if Baghdad

15), if (Iraq is) not totally out of

Kuwait, the U.N. sanctions must

In remarks to reporters, Bush

said he was disturbed by Sad-

dam's weekend comments that

there should be a holy war if

necessary to permit Iraq to keep

"He keeps making these state-

ments that fly directly in the face

of the international positions

taken by the U.N. Security

must not be allowed to profit

from its takeover of Kuwait.

Bush vowed anew that Iraq

"We've got an opportunity for

a new world order but that

opportunity will be lost if an

aggressor gets one single conces-

sion. ... it's important that the

man understand that we're se-

Bush said he has heard from

many people who say Saddam

may believe the United States is

bluffing, despite the deployment

of thousands of U.S. troops into

they understand him don't feel

that he believes we are serious.

They don't feel that he thinks we

yesterday... that he feels that

Saddam Hussein simply does not

understand the debate in this

country. He thinks it means our

country is divided and we can't

go forward... and he's just as

Bush's demeanor seemed muted.

that he was "calmer" than last-

He said in response to an inquiry

Friday, when he lambasted Sad-

dam for rejecting U.S. proposals

for a date to meet with Baker.

W.

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wrong as he can be."

"Some tell me, as recently as

"A lot of people who think

Council." Bush said.

rious about this."

the Middle East.

will use force.

"I think at midnight (on Jan.

fails to meet the deadline.

be fulfilled," Bush said.

Knwait.

cause.

40 of whom are residents and 15 partially self-supportive youths in sheltered accommodation also attend the centre. In addition, the centre invites out-patients to share in full and part time education

programmes. Apart from the school, the centre offers vocational training for young men in the age group of 16-23 years in bookbinding and radio/television repair. It also has special units for hydrotherapy and physiotherapy. There is a sewing section for the girls which is also becoming quite popular

Princess Majda, who originally comes from Sweden, said that in the socio-cultural context of the lordanian society and in view of economic consideration "the problem of disability cannot be dealt with effectively by extending the services to the disabled in isolation from their families and communities. The rehabilitation programme for the disabled has to focus inevitably on education and enabling the families and communities of the disabled to take care of

their disabled." Talking on the concept of social work and development. she commented that voluntary work is the corner stone in the care, rehabilitation and integration of the disabled as proud, useful and productive members of the society. It is unfortunate that voluntary

"I hope these talks will take

place," Bush said. But he repe-

atedly sidestepped questions on

what he would do if there were

no talks and if Iraq did not

comply with the withdrawal

Bush accused Saddam on Fri-

day of refusing to see Baker until

too close to the Jan. 15 deadline

set by the United Nations. He

repeated his accusation Monday,

saying again that the United

States had offered Iraq 15 sepa-

to meet with Saddam no later

than Jan. 3. Asked what differ-

ence nine days makes - Iraq has

proposed a Jan. 12 date - Bush

"If I thought that meeting on

the 14th would permit him to

compy fully with the U.N. re-

solutions I'd be very flexible.

old reservists to report for milit-

ary duty, its third major callup of

NATO

(Continued from page 1)

Dutch Foreign Minister Hans

van den Broek said: "I think we

would all like to see these talks

get going but I don't have the

impression that it is the United

States which is dragging its

Iraq Monday ordered 33-year-

But that's not possible."

reserves in recent weeks.

Bush has said he wants Baker

rate dates for Baker's trip.

deadline.

work has not yet recognised as a way of a social service in the Jordanian society, she added.

She said that it was unfortunate and a cause of concern that "a majority of our volunteers in Al Hussein Society are foreigners living in Amman, It is all the more sad, when there are a large number of young men and women with education, skills and a lot of good will for the society in Jordan," she commented sadly.

She said that Jordanians, who are famous for their "kind heartedness, courtesy, and sense of sharing, have yet to come forward as volunteers for the cause of public service and assistance to their fellow country men and women."

While talking of the hazast she said that the society is going through a period of economic difficulties,. "We have just enough to finish this school year. If the funds are not mobilised, we might have to close the centre, which will be most unfortunate," she added.

She appealed that at this point of time, when Jordan has other serious national concerns to grapple with, a generous support from the Jordanian people to the cause of the disabled would go a long way. Princess Majda while pointing out at a group of handicapped children who had surrounded us, said emotionally "they just want to listen and know that they are wanted."

In other Gulf developments: - U.S. senators touring the Middle East noted hopeful signs for a solution to the Gulf crisis after a meeting with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Monday. But they said the threat of

And although American public opinion may be divided over the timing of a confrontation, they said, it is unanimous that Iraqi troops must be driven from Kuwait.

war with Iraq remains strong.

The seven senators, all Democrats, spoke to reporters after more than two hours of talks and lunch with Mubarak, Their meeting followed one between Mubarak and President Chadhi Benjedid of Algeria.

- Fourteen former U.S. government officials, including top national security experts, said Monday that the U.S. should not delay military action much beyond Jan. 15.

"I don't think we can just sit forever and depend on sanctions," Thomas Moorer, former chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, told reporters. Robert F. Ellsworth former

deputy secretary of defence and a onetime congressman from Kansas, said Iraq "will not respond to anything except a credible threat of immediate military action. That's what will move Iraq out of Kuwait."

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Lawyer spends holidays writing wills for Gulf-bound soldiers

WAUSAU, Wisconsin (AP) ---Bill Drengler has the grim task this holiday season of writing wills for soldiers being prepared

It's an ironic task for a man who 20 years ago dropped out of the reserve officers' training corps (ROTC) and opposed U.S. involvement in the Vietnam war. Feeling he owed his country, he joined the national guard as a lawyer 18 months ago.

it is hitting home to me that I may not see some of these faces

for duty in the Gulf. seconds.

"The more I do this, the more

again if the Gulf situation blows up," a somber Drengler said.

He said he remembers the gripping images of the Vietnam war on television as if it happened yesterday. Asked if those memories made his guard assignment more difficult, Drengler a first lieutenant, paused several

"It probably makes it harder." he said. "I had friends who came home dead."

Drengler, 41, is one of 17 guard lawyers in Wisconsin

assigned to advise soldiers activated for Operation Desert Shield, the U.S. troop buildup in the Gulf that followed Iraq's

Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait. A United Nations resolution authorises the use of force after Jan. 15 if Iraq doesn't withdraw.

Capt. Scott Meske, a military spokesman in Madison, said 300 Wisconsin national guard soldiers are in Saudi Arabia and 700 others are being trained for likely duty there.

In all, the United States force numbers 230,000, and it plans to send about 200,000 more by mid-January.

Capt. Terence McArdle, assistant staff judge advocate for the Wisconsin National Guard in Madison, estimated his officers have written up to 2,000 wills for guard members, military reservists and their spouses since the call-up began in August. He said

he has done about 200 himself. "It does get to you in time. There is no question about that," McArdle said. "You realise the consequences that these people are facing."

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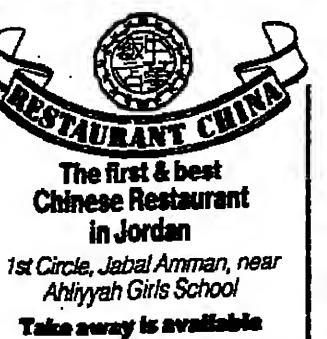


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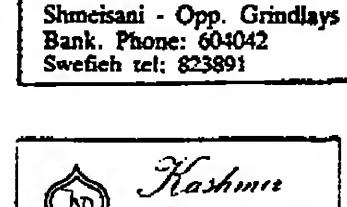




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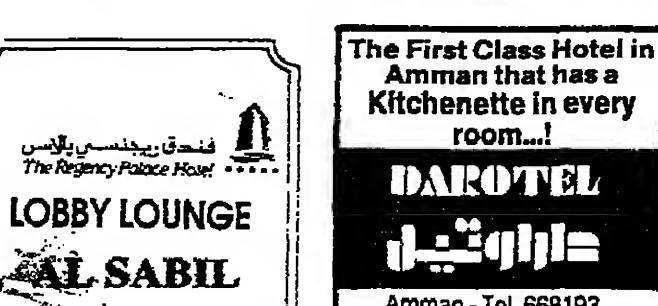


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JORDAN MARKET PLACE

Sampras wins Grand Slam Cup

MUNICH, Germany (Agencies) — For a teen-ager playing for \$2 million, Pete Sampras was incredibly cool. He was just as cool when he collected it.

Sampras, 19, beat Brad Gilbert 6-3, 6-4, 6-2 in just one hour, 13 minutes to collect the \$2 million offered to the winner of the inaugural Grand Slam Cup Sunday. Gilbert pocketed \$1 million of the record \$6-

million purse. "He's got ice water in his veins," Gilbert said.

"It's always nice to be making a lot of money, but for me the bigger thrill is to win, especially against the top guys," Sampras

Sampras said he was donating \$250,000 to a cerebral palsy foundation. His father Sam's two sisters died of the disease.

"It's the least I could not when I win \$2 million," he said. Gilbert said his million was going straight to his bank to pay off a loan on a new house.

Sampras, who became the youngest male winner of the U.S. Open this summer, said he felt he won "an exhibition with a lot of money," and that it could not compare to his U.S. Open

Serving powerfully and hitting tremendous ground strokes, Sampras was never threatened. He served 15 aces and broke Gilbert once in each of the first two sets and then twice more in the third.

By Reuter

MARSEILLE'S 3-0 win over

Metz Sunday has won rare praise

from club President Bernard

Tapie, who hinted before the

game be was unhappy with Ger-

man coach Franz Beckenbauer.

great team," said Tapie, a

businessman who has vowed to

make Marseille the first French

club to win a European cup and

Marseille's lead over Auxerre.

who trounced them 4-0 a week

match, Tapie had criticised his

costly stars, staying they were

wrong to think another French

champiouship title would be a

Tapie also said his players may

have had trouble adapting to the

German discipline of coach

West Germany to the World

be back at the top, I might have

to mix this German culture with

something else," Tapie said

threatened Monday to quit as

coach of Marseille if he could

not sort out recent disagree-

happy with the way Tapie some-

times had an influence on areas

which were the responsibility of

weeks." Beckenbauer said. "It

can't go on any longer the way it is. If we can't get the whole thing

sorted out and it doesn't work,

then everything has been a mis-

could be coming home again

a news conference before Ger-

many's first international since

"It is certainly possible that I

Beckenbauer was speaking at

"We will talk in the next few

Beckenbauer said he was not

Meanwhile Beckenbauer

Beckenbauer, the man who took

"If it takes too long a time to

ago, to three points.

formality.

Cup this year.

without elaborating.

ments with Tapie.

the team's coach.

understanding.

very soon."

The Metz victory extended

But a few hours before the

three league titles in a row.

"We are playing again like a

"I was very confident. Everything I hit turned to gold," said Sampras, who displayed virtually no emotion after the biggest payday of his career. His career earnings coming into the tournament totalled \$1,103,725.

"I was serving very well, and when I serve like that it's easy to play the other shots. I am even amazed myself sometimes at the shots I take.

"It's been a great year and this is icing on the cake," said Sampras, who had lost to Gilbert in two previous meetings.

"I can't let this get into my head and make me stop working hard. The other guys are going to go after me more. But hopefully I'll stay in the top 10, or in the top five," said Sampras, who is now ranked fifth in the world.

"It's important to start the year well, and I want to do well at the Australian Open," he

Gilbert had no doubt that Sampras is going to be around for a while.

"I've bought some bad stock in my life, but I'd like to buy some stock in him. He is the guy of the future." Gilbert said. "He was drilling the ball.

"The bigger the situation, the better be plays. He just ripped the

guys here. "The guy just won \$2 million and he is not even excited. That's star quality. He is a credit to the sport. He's taking the game to the year 2000 range,"

here Wednesday. The game is

billed as a tribute to the "Kais-

er" who led the Germans to

their 1990 World Cup triumph.

tionship with the players at the

French league leaders was very

positive and also praised Tapie

for his hard work at the club.

"He has done so much in

ITALIAN LEAGUE

In Italy, newspapers were sca-

thing in their criticism of Inter

and Juventus, the top two teams

who were both humbled by low-

Gazzetta Dello Sport dismis-

sed Inter's 1-1 draw against

Fiorentina as "squalid and in-

sipid" and attacked the "mad-

ness" of Juventus who let slip a

two-goal lead over lowly Cag-

Nicolo Napoli, one of the few

Juventus players willing to talk

to reporters after the 2-2 draw

said: "We let overseives be over-

Chiusano was equally unhappy

with his team's performance.

"We could have celebrated a

more happy Christmas," he said.

"At the end of the championship

Internazionale stay top of the

The weekend brought little

cheer, either, to national team

manager Azeglio Vicini ahead of

Italy's European championship

qualifier against Cyprus Satur-

Milan sweeper Franco Baresi

injured his thigh against Roma

and is doubtful for the tie, join-

ing an injury list which includes

midfielders Fernando de Napoli,

Roberto Donadoni and Giusep-

pe Giannini, and defender Luigi

Meanwhile Argentine super-

star Diego Maradona, who has

first division with 19 points, one

we could need those points."

ahead of Juventus.

Juventus President Vittorio

taken by a strange fear."

Marseille," he said.

ly opposition Sunday.

Beckenbauer said his rela-

Gilbert said. Having to face Sampras' serve

was "depressive" Gilbert said. Sampras said he planned to work more on his clay court game next year and planned to play the German Open in Hamburg, the Italian Open in Rome and the French Open.

"I have to learn to be more patient on clay," he said. Gilbert said he didn't see Sampras winning a major title on clay yet, "but he can certainly win Wimbledon."

Sampras was a first-round loser at Wimbledon the last two ycars.

Victory for Sampras in the Grand Slam Cup proved just what the controversial tennis tournament needed.

The players who came to Munich for the cup were optimistic afterwards that, despite months of controversy, the tournament would become an important frame

"Right now it may not mean as much as it will in 20 to 30 years," said Ivan Lendl, who was the world's top-ranked player until August. "But the Grand Slams separate the men from the boys and it might mean something more in the future."

But while few would begrudge the likeable Sampras for winning, the cup still raised a big question mark over the rights and wrongs of paying players so

Napoli's starting line-up Sunday

declaring "it's Christmas - it's

The Argentine did not play

last week after the club

filed lawsuit against Maradona.

seeking damages Napoli said was

caused to its image by Marado-

Maradona skipped practice

early last week, but attended

Thursday's and Friday's ses-

sions. Napoli coach · Alberto

Bigon said that if Maradona

showed up at practice by week's

end, he could play against Lazio

goals by Careca and Giuseppe

Incocciati. Maradona played the

pressed by reporters about his

relations with club management.

"It's Christmas, it's time for

peace, peace for the entire

SPANISH LEAGUE

attracted criticism, despite ex-

tending their first-division lead

to six points with a 2-0 win over

"We played the kind of silly

game that every team plays some

time or another, but it wasn't

because of over-enthusiasm or

anything like that, but too much

running with the ball," ex-

resolve the game too quickly

pushed them into more mistakes

"The piayers' own wish to

plained coach Johan Cruyff.

In Spain, Barcelona also

Napoli defeated Lazio 2-1 on

After the game, Maradona was

na's behaviour this season.

time for peace."

Sunday.

entire 90 minutes.

world," he said.

Cadiz.

much for doing so little. Andrei Cherkasov of the Soviet Union won more by losingg in the opening round -\$100,000 — than he had ever picked up at any tournament and two reserves collected \$50,000 without even hitting a stroke in

Even more questions would have been asked, however, had the other American finalist Gilbert won Sunday.

the knockout cup.

The cup, an event outside the mainstream tennis circuit, was designed to decide the cream of the Grand Slam players. The temperamental Gilbert would have hardly fitted the bill.

Here was a man who had missed two of the 1990 Grand Slams, had reached only the quarter-final and the third round of the other two and had got into the cup only as a late stand-in.

Gilbert also had a stand-up argument with American David Wheaton over a disputed point in the semifinals, picking up a warning and a \$5,000 fine for unsporting behaviour.

Wheaton, who received the same punishment as Gilbert, admitted that thoughts of the money had added fuel to the

Talk of Gilbert also inevitably brought mention of the man he replaced — Andre Agassi who belittled the cup when he pulled out and whose name organisers hated to hear.

Marseille victory wins praise from the boss

than usual," he said. After the two Barcelona goals by Aitor Beguiristain and Jose Bakero, the Catalan fans invented a new chant: "Madrid salute the champions," aimed at last year's title winners Real

Madrid. However, Real's new coach Alfredo Di Stefano refused to drop his sights from the title and proclaimed: "Real Madrid never gives up."

Atletico Madrid took advantage of Real's 1-0 defeat at midtable Athletic Bilbao to move up into second place, six points behind Barcelona, by trouncing visiting Real Sociedad 4-0.

Barcelona took few risks against Cadiz, last but one in the league.

Manolo Sanchez scored the first two Atletico Madrid goals, the opener from the penalty-spot in the seventh minute and the second 25 minutes into the second half. Juan Sabas netted the third

four minutes from time and German midfielder Bernd Schuster provided the fourth in the final

Sevilla, who beat Real Mallorca 1-0 at home, climbed to fourth place on goal difference from sixth last week. Austrian striker Anton Polster scored the only goal after 40 minutes.

Champions Real, who had clawed their way back up the table with three successive league wins, are now third.

Kasparov takes time out, 21st game rescheduled

LYON, France (AP) — The 21st game of the World Chess Championship was postponed from Monday to Wednesday at the request of Garry Kasparov, who is only one point away from retaining his title. Kasparov, who leads Anatoly

Karpov by 11 points to nine, has now used up all three of the timeouts allotted to him. Karpov has one timeout remaining.

Karpov will have the advantage of the white pieces in the '21st match, but his chances of overall vicotry have virtually disappeared. He would need to win three of the final four matches and draw the other to win back the title he lost to Kasparov in

Of the 20 games played thus far in New York and Lyon, Kasparov has won four and Karpov two, with draws in the others. Kasparov has won the last three times he has played with the white pieces, including a brilliant victory in the 20th game Saturday.

He would retain the title in the event of a 12-12 tie, and thus needs only one more victory or two ties. Karpov needs 12.5 points to win.

The victor earns \$1.7 million of a \$3 million purse, plus a diamond-studded trophy valued at \$1 million.

German sports unite, declare war on doping

HANOVER, Germany (R) --German sports formally united at the weekend after four decades of division and vowed to fight doping among athletes at home and abroad.

"We can no longer tolerate officials, coaches, doctors and other workers in the sports environment who bear responsibility for doping," said Hans Hansen after being re-elected president of the German Sports Federation (DSB) Sunday.

He said another top priority was to integrate the five new states into all-German sports. The DSB opened the two-day congress Saturday by fomally accepting the sports umbrella organisations of the five new federal states of former East Germany.

on Oct. 3. The new states brought a further two million members to the DSB, which now has 24 million members in 75,000 clubs. Winding up the congress Sun-

which disappeared at unification

day, delegates adopted a resolution on the doping scandal which has shaken German sports in recent weeks with allegations about widespread use of banned performance-enhancing drugs among East and West German athletes.

The resolution called on German sports officials to review nomination criteria for international championships, intensify

random doping tests at home and work for a solution to the drug problem on an international scale.

"We are going to fight violations with all possible means," Hansen told reporters.

The German Athletics Federation (DLV) said on Dec. 6 it wanted to scrap the German system of qualifying times and distances for international competitions which many athletes and coaches criticised as being difficult to achieve without drugs.

German qualifying standards are often higher than those set by international meetings.

Other measures against doping are expected to be taken at a special DSB board meeting in January after recommendations from an independent doping committee

British athletics chiefs voted Sunday to press for a life ban on drug offenders in place of the current two-year suspension.

The British Athletics Board Counall agreed to lobby the International Amateur Athletic Federation in a bid to persuade them to adopt a barder line next year.

"It was unanimously passed today," spokesman Tony Ward said. "So the strong recommendation of our drugs advisory group it was felt important a stand was taken.

Corinthians win final of **Brazil Soccer Championship**

SAO PAULO (R) - Two play- foul on Corinthians star player ers were sent off and six booked as Corinthians beat Sao Paulo 1-0 to win the final of the Brazihan Soccer Championship Sunday for the first time in the history. Corinthians, who also won the first leg 1-0, took the championship on a 2-0 aggregate. Although Corinthian players were mainly responsible for the violent play, ironically it was a Sao Paulo player who was the first to be booked. Flavio was shown the yellow card for a

Neto after 30 minutes but almost immediately afterwards Corinthians defenders Marcio and Jacenir followed him into the

referee's book. There was little to entertain the 100,000 crowd in the first half few attempts on goal, but 12 minutes after the interval Corinthians unexpectedly took the lead through Tupazinho who scored after a quick one-two with Fabinho in the Sao Paulo penalty area.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY DECEMBER 18, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Show that you value and appreciate the talents and abilities of others and be willing to share the applique and acclaim to strengthen their confidence in themselves.

-ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You find some associate is trying hard to make do what he or she wishes and you would be wise to go along with this person as much as you can.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You have lots of projects to do and if you schedule them intelligently you find you can get them done without some potential confusion. GRAINE (May 21 to June 21) You now find that you are so eager beaver to have a good time and its all right if you do not try to force others to go along with what you

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You feel your family are making some mistakes of at need to be aided in gaining the right point of view that differs from

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) This is your time to show you value the good will of those usual allies by doing something for them that they would like on this day and evening. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever affects you in the financial field requires more than

ordinary caution now since you

find that you are the one who does want to be reckless. LIERA: (September 23 to October

22) You are all too apt to go after what you want now without the approval without considering others who are also involved in the undertaking.

SCORPEO: (October 23 to Novem. ber 21) You are apt to find now that you are the one who is limiting or delaying others and this is certainly not going to help you with projects.

SACITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) A pretty demanding friend can raise your anger unless you realise he is under some preny tense pressures and is just having a needed escape.

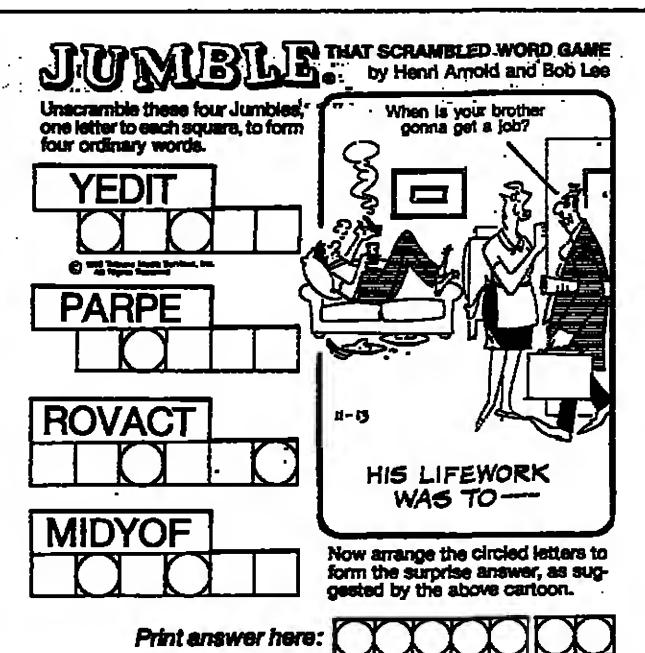
CAPRICORN: (December 22 m January 20) You want something in the outside world so badly you are apt to be too forceful going after it and alienating a highly placed person.

AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) So many new ideas are yours that you want to put them in effect far more quickly than is wise to make a point to study them more carefully.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Whatever you would like to do that does require a nest touch and fine finish can be done very well by you this day so work with preci-

By Harris THE BETTER HALF. © 1980 by Coules Syndrate, Inc. HARRIS 11-16 0 5 "When I was born I should have bought a service contract

for my hair."



(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: DRONE HEDGE BROOCH HOURLY

Answer: What the baker turned comedian knew how to

make---DOUGH OUT OF "CORN"

feuded again with team manageunification against Switzerland ment this season, returned to

GOREN BRIDGE

de Agostini.

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH " 1990 Tribung Media Services, Inc.

NORTH KQJ9 A 986 * KJ7 WEST EAST **#** 10 7 6 2 7 A 3 2 KJ : 10753 **+** 0 10 8 6 5 4 3 **★** A 2 **★ QJ9854** 764 Q42 The bidding:

South West East North P255 2 NT 4 2 P255 P255 P255 Opening lead: Ace of + It's human nature to relax when

everything seems to be well in hand. But appearances are deceptive, as this hand from a rubber bridge game proves. The auction was straightforward.

South knew where the hand should be played and got there via the direct route.

After North's power opening bid.

West cashed the ace of clubs and continued with the deuce, taken by the king as declarer discarded a diamond from hand. The ace and king odds.

BEWARE OF EASY STREET of trumps were cashed, and declarer East-West vulnerable. North was not overly perturbed by the 4-1 split. A low diamond from the table was taken by East's king. That de-

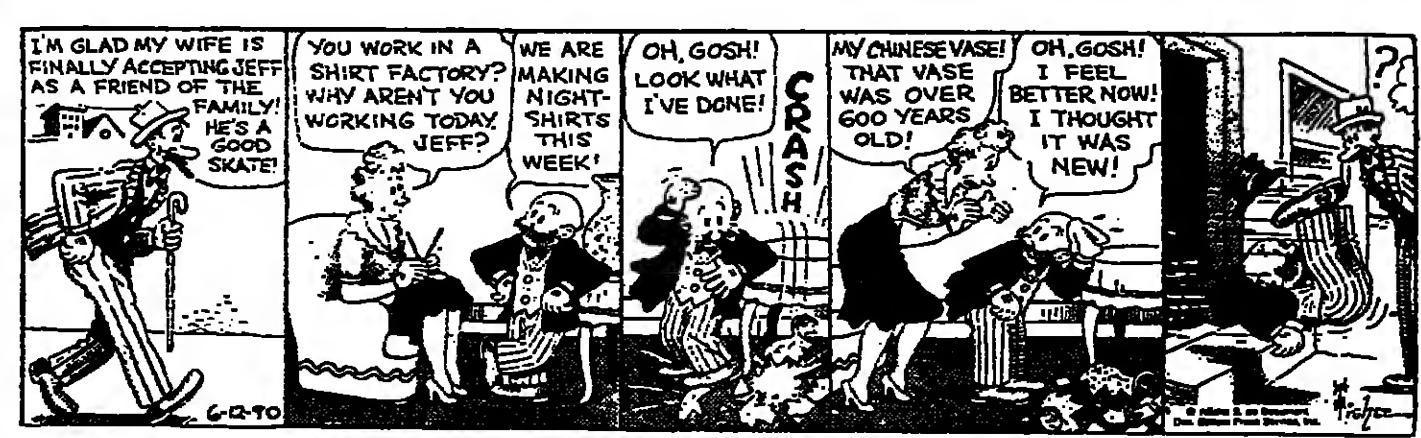
> er was a dead duck. If declarer ruffed low, West would overruff. If South ruffed high, West's ten of trumps would eventually score the setting trick.

fender reverted to a club and declar-

Down one. casy enough to protect against the bad trump split and evil club distribution. Instead of cashing both high trumps in dummy, declarer should draw just one round of trumps, then lead the jack of clubs, discarding another diamond from hand when East covers with the queen.

The defenders can do no harm. If East plays another club, declarer can ruff low in hand, since the high spade on the board protects against an overruff. The ace of hearts is forced out and eventually declarer returns to hand via a diamond ruff to draw the outstanding trumps. Any other return makes the play even easier. In either case, declarer loses only two club tricks and the ace of hearts. As the eards lie, declarer also can get home by drawing two !rumps and playing for a 3-3 heart split, but that is against the

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts





IF THINGS EVER
GET BACK TO
NORMAL ILL JUST
HAVE TO MAKE
THE BEST OF IT!

THE Daily Crossword by Mark S. Kalbach ACROSS Musical group 5 Tempers 10 Regarding 14 Conception 15 IRS task 16 Wound result 17 Funny Roseanne 18 Sleep sound 19 PA town 20 Defensive Item 23 House addition 24 Goose flight patterns 25 Traveled 27 Sprayed 31 Nasty fish 34 Peru native 35 Make money 37 Wine glass part 38 Skin; suff. 39 Tennis star Michael 40 Steering gear 41 Zone © 1990 Tribune Media Services, Inc. All Rights Reserved 42 Listen! 43 Inventor

9 Kind of wheel 10 Peer Gynt's mother 11 Actor's chance 12 End 13 Russ. city 21 Tied 22 Conjunction 26 Santa reindeer 27 Wesithy man 28 Liteless 29 Football play 30 Mex. food 31 in the —

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5 Grouped

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62 in addition

63 Assessor

66 Psychics

50 Pinnacie

58 Panache

44 Super

47 Close

52 TV

(healthy) 32 Greeting 33 Jordan's Capital

35 Blacken 36 Paddle 39 Casanovas 43 Powder 45 - Veges 46 Tough questions

48 Woodwind

53 Wings 54 Drive fast

55 Sniggler's 56 CED word 57 Nary a one 59 — so fest!

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: PART PART Debaser states ABCD STAR

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Japan passes extra budget

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to be reckless TOKYO (R) — Japan's parliament Monday passed a 2.28 trillion yet (\$17.4 billion) supplementary budget for the fiscal year ending March 31,1991. The extra budget is aimed in part at financing a portion of Tokyo's contribution to the U.S.-led multinational forces deployed in the Gulf against Iraq. The supplementary budget allocates \$1 billion in contributions to the international forces in the Gulf and 20 billion yen (\$153 million) to aid Turkey, Jordan and Egypt, his hard by the economic fallout of the Gulf crisis. Japan has piedged a total of \$4 billion in Gulf-related aid.

U.S. dollar

Swiss franc

French franc

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

psychological support level all day.

index losing 16.75 to end at 1,171.58.

BSE Index fell 54.30 points to 1,188.54.

Index slumped 46.51 to 1,475.87.

11.5 down at 2156.9.

12 to 2582.

14.3 points lower at 1,295.7.

Pound Sterling

Deutschemerk

TWA sells London, O'Hare gates to American, offers to buy Pan Am

DALLAS (R) — Trans World Airways (TWA) shook the U.S. airline industry Monday by selling all of its facilities in London and at Chicago's O'Hare Airport to American Airlines and offering to buy Pan Am.

Included in the transaction. with American are six route authorities between various U.S. cities and London, including four into Heathrow Airport.

The deal means American Airlines, already the largest U.S. carrier, will greatly expand its flight schedule to London and will become a major player at O'Hare, the busiest U.S. airport, where United Airlines has

496.9 499.9

119.0

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Monday, December 17, 1990

Central Bank official rates

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

1.9330/40

1.1555/65

1,4855/60

1.6770/80

1.2735/40

30.74/79

5.0575/0625

1122/1123

133,10/20

5.8300/50

5.5980/6030

5.7280/7330

376.80/377.30

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO - The Nikkei Index closed down 261.59 points, or 1.07

per cent, to 24.087,91, after hovering over the key 24,000-point

SYDNEY - Weaker offshofe share markets and the Reserve

to their lowest close in six weeks. The All Ordinaries Index ended

HONG KONG — Profit-taking drove share prices down. The

Hang Seng Index plunged 73.77 points to 3,051.92 while the

SINGAPORE — Share prices closed lower across the board on

light liquidation and profit-taking with the Straits Times industrial

BOMBAY — Share prices fell sharply on reports that a broker is

finding it difficult to honour his commitments, brokers said. The

FRANKFURT — Shares fell 3.1 per cent on Gulf jitters. The Dax

ZURICH — Swiss shares closed lower in light volume. Dealers

said the Middle East crisis weighed on prices and buyers virtually

deserted the market. The all-share SPI Index fell 13.2 to 911.8.

PARIS - French shares closed with heavy losses on Gulf jitters.

LONDON - Shares dipped in late trading in response to a retreat on Wall Street and Gulf worries. By 1615 GMT the FTSE 100 was

NEW YORK - U.S. blue chips continued trading in a tight range

in late morning, weak but off the day's lows. The Dow fell about

The CAC-40 index ended down 29.29 at 1,606.23.

broader Hong Kong Index slumped 48.59 to 2,000.22.

Bank's failure to cut official interest rates sent Australian stocks

661.0

445.9

1280.1 1288.9

665.0

Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown

Belgian franc (for 10) 214.9

Italian lire

U.S. dollars

Italian lira (for 100)

been dominant until now. The deal also gives cash to TWA's Chairman Carl Icahn to pay for a bid to take over Pan

Am and to buy assets from Eastern. American will pay \$445 million for all of TWA's facilities at Heathrow at Gatwick airports.

Icahn said he made the buyout offer for Pan Am in a letter he sent Sunday to Pan Am's chairman, Thomas Plaskett. Icahn said he offered \$1.50 per share in cash and another \$1 per share of either a preferred stock or a promissory note.

There was no immediate response from Pan Am. With 150 million Pan Am shares outstanding, the offer appeared to be worth about \$375 million.

The deal also had major implications for United, which has increased its presence in London recently and helped cut TWA's revenues. United will be facing

American, much stronger financially than TWA, on its home turf in Chicago as well as in

Icahn said he was reluctant to sell the London assets but said TWA's revenues in London have sagged in the past two years and expected further deterioration in the future because of the competition from United.

Icahn also said he is con-

tinuing to talk with his bankers and creditors in an attempt to buy Eastern Air Lines' Atlanta bub and its Miami maintenance Icahn said, "our current agreements with American will

generate additional cash liquid-

ity which will enable us to posi-

tion ourselves for growth despite these extremely difficult times." Robert Crandall, chairman of

American, said, "the assets

being acquired today will greatly

strengthen American's position in the U.S.-London market and will enable us to become a more effective competitor on both trans-Atlantic and domestic

American is accounting from TWA 40 takeoff and landing slots, plus three gates, at Chicago's O'Hare Airport, as well as gates at Orlando and Fort Lauderdale, Florida, and at Nashville, Tennessee, for another \$70 million.

"Acquiring additional Chicago facilities reinforces our already strong commitment to O'Haree and provides a longsought opportunity to achieve near parity with our priming competitor (United) there, Crandal! said.

Chicago is already American's second-largest hub after Dallas, operating 448 flights a day there. including its subsidiary American Eagle, a commuter airline.

Algeria sees budget surplus and stronger growth next year

ALGIERS (R) — Fortified by higher economic growth.

The surplus is a sign of Algeria's improving financial health after oil and gas revenues, which represent almost all hard currency income, shot up with world oil prices after Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait.

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Vies Unionstein

The 1991 budget is based on achieved in 1990.

Ali Kaci, president of pariiament's finance planning commission, told Reuters Sunday the national plan for 1991 forecast growth in gross domestic product (GDP) of 4.7 per cent, up from 2.4 per cent achieved in

sharp increase in investments to revitalise the economy, due to reach 55.4 billion dinars (\$5.5 billion) from 46.3 billion dinars (\$4.6 billion) in 1990.

U.S. agency estimates 1,000 banks in trouble

WASHINGTON (R) - Troubled U.S. banks will need about \$4 billion in government help this year and about \$5 billion next year, Federal Deposit Insurance Corp (FDIC) Chairman

L. William Seidman said. He estimated that about 1,000 banks are on the regulatory agency's danger list, although this was down from 1.500 two years ago.

The House of Representatives Banking Committee opens a hearing on the banking industry Tuesday to review a report from the FDIC stating that many of the nation's banks are operating near or on the brink of insolvency."

Scidman said on NBC television's "Meet the Press" that the government is going to be about \$1 billion short in finding the \$5 billion it estimates it needs to help ailing banks next year and that the banking industry, not the taxpayer, will have to come

up with the money. "The banks will pay for it," Seidman said, adding that regulators were working on ways of raising funds from the banks to cover government costs of financial aid to banks whose loan portfolios have turned sour in a weakened economy.

The federally chartered banks' problems are in addition to those that have swept the so-called local savings and loan, or thrift, institutions, hundreds of which have failed under the weight of bad loans, mismanagement and corruption. The government may have to find as much as \$200 billion to bail out thrifts,

Scidman said regulators plan to crack down on banks which award shareholders with dividends even though their profits have vanished in a wave of bad loans.

Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady, appearing on the same programme, agreed that U.S. banks were not "as healthy as we would like them."

Brady said that the U.S. economy was heading towards a significant economic slowdown but that a recession was "no big

"I don't think it's the end of the world even if we have a recession," Brady said, "We'll pull back out of it again. No big

Brady said the difficulty is in predicting how long the slowdown will last. But he predicted the economy will "return to a good, strong level some time in

Brady called on Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan to lower interest rates to help the economy. "I think there's ample room for further reduction in interest rates," Brady said. "I hope he (Greenspan) will do it."

Brady said further measures designed to help get the economy out of its downturn will come out in February, but will not include more taxes. "The president is not going to raise taxes in 1991, fiscal year 1992."

Economist Henry Kaufman, former managing director of the Salomon Brothers investment firm, said he expects stock prices to drop and interest rates to dip to close to seven per cent pext

Unemployment figures are rising, Kaufman said on ABC television's "This Week with David Brinkley," and could reach seven per cent next year.

Michael Boskin, chairman of the president's Council of Economic Advisers, said: "The best guess is the economy will be

reviving some time next year." "Whether we'll have a reces-

Tunisia unions

sion that lasts several quarters it should be mild and brief if we do — or we narrowly skirt it. remains to be seen." Boskin

debt crisis to damages of slavery

Africans tie

on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday. LAGOS (R) - A group of leading Africans want to force U.S. dollar Western nations to cancel Africa's Canadian dollar huge foreign debt as compensa-**Deutschemarks** tion for centuries of slavery and Dutch guilders colonial exploitation. Swiss francs

The communique of the Belgian francs World Conference on Repara-French francs tion to Africa and Africans in the Diaspora said a committee Japanese yen would plan a campaign to make Swedish crowns Western nations live up to their Norwegian crowns historical responsibilities. Danish crowns

"A linkage exists between the debt crisis and the damages of slavery," the statement said.

The 11-member committee includes Jamaica's high commissioner in Nigeria Dudley Thompson, black British parliamentarian Bernie Grant and Nigerian businessman Moshood Abiola. The continent's foreign debt is

estimated at \$250 billion. Sub-Saharan African countries account for nearly \$150 billion of this amount. Nigerian President Ibrahim

Babangida supported the call for reparation in a message to the conference. "The services of our forefathers in the American plantations were unrewarded and unpaid for (while) exploitation of

Africa during the period of colo-

nial rule further impoverished us

and enhanced the development of the West," Babangida said. The conference statement said reparation, which included "acknowledgement, atonement and recompense," was vital if .Africa was to end the vicious cycle of economic underdevelopment.

Africa's statement of claims would be made public in six months and the Organisation of African Unity would be asked at its June summit to take the case to the international community. The conference communique said payment for past damages

was not without precedent.

higher oil and gas revenue from the Gulf crisis, Algeria projects a budget surplus for the second year in 1991 and substantially

The national assembly began debate Sunday on the 1991 budget which sets spending 27 per cent higher than this year at 180.5 billion dinars (\$19.3 billion), with revenue at 192.5 billion dinars (\$19.3 billion).

Algeria is pulling out of a deep recession induced by falling world oil prices in the mid-1980s that left the state with a gaping budget gap from 1986 to 1989. This year's surplus was estimated at 16 billion dinars (\$1.6 billion).

an average world oil price of \$23 a barrel, roughly the average

The budget also forecasts a

Kaci said the budget law also

included a radical overhaul of Algeria's tax system due to take effect in 1992, including introduction of a value-added tax (VAT).

Washington to finance Gulf costs by borrowing He said the Bush administra-

WASHINGTON (R) - President George Bush's chief economic adviser, Michael Boskin, said Sunday that the government should borrow the money to pay for Operation Desert Shield, the U.S. military operation in Saudi Arabia.

Boskin rejected demands in Congress that President Bush insist U.S. allies like Japan and Germany provide the money for the U.S. military force in the

"I think in general the best way to deal with it is through additional borrowing, temporarily," Boskin said on ABC tele-

vision's "This Week with David

Brinkley,"

tion has not made a final decision on what financing plan to ask Congress to approve to cover the costs of sending more than 250,000 troops.

House of Representatives Democratic leader Richard Gephardt Saturday criticised the administration for not doing enough to get financial and troop support from allies.

He and Representative Democrat Charles Schumer said allies had pledged only 29 per cent of the \$37 billion estimated cost in the current financial year. a share they called woefully inadequate.

reject labour law reform, privatisation

TUNIS (R) — Tunisia's trade union movement, in its first mass meeting on policy since 1985, has rejected labour law reform and privatisation of state companies. In resolutions published Monday after a meeting of its 500member national council, the Tunisian General Labour Union

(UGTT) said reforms proposed by the businessmen's federation would have dangerous repercussions for the country's stability and for the balance between social classes.

Employer's Organisation UTICA says the present law is too rigid and protects workers who do not work hard enough. The dispute is becoming a major political issue.

The UGTT said after its threeday meeting, "the aim is to restrict the rights of permanent staff, shamelessly exploit otherworkers and reinforce the authoritarian influence of management... the national council expresses its rejection of this flexibility (in labour legislation) in form and in content."

The union said privatisation was part of a programme which had proved to be a failure, had led to redundancies in privatised companies and could produce

Court demands£2m bail from Nadir LONDON (R) - Asil Nadir, It ordered Nadir to surrender chairman of troubled fruit-topolice. months ago. given until Jan. 28 to provide the

Nadir, a Turkish Cypriot-born businessman, built Polly Peck

electronics conglomerate Poliv Peck, was ordered to put up cash bail of £2 million (\$3.9 million) when he appeared in court Monday on charges of theft and false accounting.

Nadir, arrested Saturday by detectives investigating his collapsed business empire, was cash. The court also requested guarantees totalling £1.5 million (\$2.9 million).

his passport and report daily to

into a spectacular stock market success before its collapse three

It has debts estimated at £1.3 billion (\$2.5 billion) and courtappointed administrators were put in charge of it in October.

Nadir was charged Sunday with 18 counts of theft and false accounting in connection with

The charges were not read out in court at his preliminary appearance before magistrates but prosecutor Lorna Harris said they were sample charges involving about £25 million (\$48.5 mil-

the affairs of his company.

The Serious Fraud Office, which investigates corporate crime in Britain, has been probing allegations of irregularities in the trading of Polly Peck international shares.

Nadir has denied breaking the

new monopolies.

3 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, living room, sitting room, dining room, large kitchen with independent central heating and

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before 2 pm or 699620 after 4 pm.

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20.12.90 (Thursday) 4:00 pm: Christingle Service

for children 23.12.90 (Sunday) 8:00 am: Holy Communion with

Christmas Carols 6:00 pm: Christmas Carols in

24.12.90 (Monday) 11:30 pm:Midnight Mass [25.12.90 (Tuesday) 11:15 am: Family Christmas Service

Tel: 628543

Tel: 677420 Cinema CONCORD

1-HER ALIPI

3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Tel: 675571 Cinema MUQUM

ARCTIC HEAT

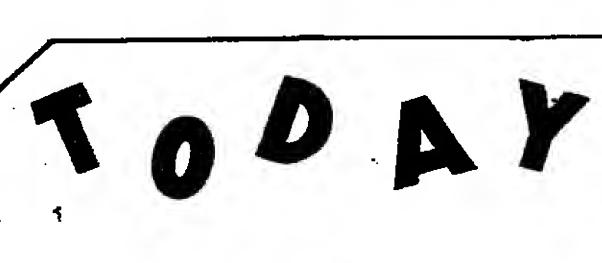


Cinema

LOCK UP

The Fearful Road (Arabic)



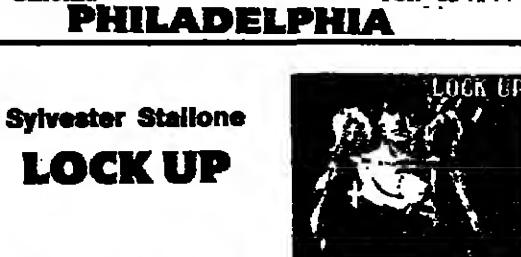


2- BEETNE JUSE

Show: 12:30, 3:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 Friday & Sonday extra show at 11:00 a.m. RAINBOW

LETHAL WEAPON

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m. Tel: 634144



Show: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30,

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Show: 12:30, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:45 p.m.;

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BBC to launch

World Service TV

LONDON (R) - The British

Broadcasting Corporation

(BBC) said it would launch a

global television network to try

and repeat the winning formula

it pioneered with its radio World

Service. It said BBC TV Interna-

tional would offer subscribers

around the world the same diet

of drama, light entertainment

and comment plus news bulletins

and English teaching program-

mes. The new service, to be sent

by satellite, is to be launched

early next year. The cost of

launching a single half-four news

broadcast would be £6 million

(\$11.7 million), a BBC spokes-

man said. "There is a great

appetite overseas for BBC tele-

vision," James Arnold-Baker,

chieve executive of BBC Enter-

prises, said: "Add to that the

World Service's global reputa-

tion for authority and reliability,

and BBC TV International is set

to be a major force in world

Gorbachev fends off resignation call

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev Monday fended off a call for his resignation which accused him of insulting his country in the eyes of the world.

The call came at the start of a 10-day session of the Soviet Union's supreme legislature which Gorbachev hopes will grant him tough new powers to save the country from collapse.

Communist deputy Sazhi Umalatova called for a vote of no confidence in the Soviet leader. "Mikhail Sergeyevich (Gorbachev) has no moral right to lead the country any more. We cannot demand from a person more than he is capable of," she said.

"Having disrupted the country and divided the people, he goes to the world with outstretched hands," she said in a reference to aid pouring into Moscow since Gorbachev told the west he faced food shortages.

"Perhaps you favour this kind of charity, but I am deeply insulted."

The resolution was excluded from the agenda by 1,288 votes to 426. But the fact that 20 per cent of deputies backed the proposal provided an indicator of underlying discontent with Gorbachev even in the largely conservative congress.

Conservatives accuse him of failing to take strong enough measures to shore up the economy and restore order in rebel republics, while some radicals say he is moving towards dictatorship — a charge Gorbachev

Gorbachev wants the congress to approve his draft of a new treaty regulating ties between the Soviet Union's 15 republics and the capital.

But the treaty would still need ratification by each republic approval that seems increasingly unlikely in key republics from Georgia to the Russian heart-

Rebel republics gave notice of their growing resistance to his rule, declaring full or partial boycotts of proceedings.

Deputies from Lithuania refused to attend while rebel Baltic neighbours Latvia and Estonia said they would only stay for Gorbachev's report. Armenia and Georgia downgraded their representation on the congress presidium — its controlling

Georgia and the three Baltic republics have already said they want full independence from

Moscow and will refuse to sign any new union treaty. Gorbachev, for his part, says he will

not allow the union to be split. The congress is also expected to approve new powers for Gorbachev, intended to overcome deadlock in relations between Moscow and outlying republics and revive the economy.

The Soviet leader, his five years of perestroika now under question, has promised a new "coalition" government including politicians and technocrats from the republics.

Gorbachev adviser Georgy Shakhnazarov told TASS news agency he did not expect Nikolai Ryzhkov, prime minister for the last five years, to continue in his post in a new cabinet.

"The thing is that every politician has some definite term and new people should come now." Shakhnazorov said.

Gorbachev's most powerful rival, Russian Federation President Boris Yeltsin, had said he would not co-operate with any government that included Ryzhkov. The prime minister himself, accused by radicals of braking economic reform, has hinted his term may be coming to an end. Gorbachev may chose to dis-

Minister Dmitry Yazov and KGB chief Vladimir Kryuchkov to win liberal support. But in replacing them he would also have to mollify conservative Communist supporters disturbed by the loss of Ryzhkov.

Conservatives and radicals appeared to agree on a need for tougher presidential powers. "Our political regime should be more authoritarian," Moscow

radical Sergei Stankevich told

journalists in the lobby. "The vote on the (noconfidence) proposal shows Gorbachev still has substantial support, so he is quite safe so

Yeltsin, who sat alongside Gorbachev during the first sitting, smiling and talking, told reporters during a break he had voted against the calling of a no-confidence vote.

Radical newspaper editor Vitaly Korotich said Gorbachev had won the vote easily, but the victory did not necessarily reflect the measure of his support in the country.

"The democrats are afraid of a Pinochet" Korotich said in a reference to the former Chilean military ruler. "The right are afraid of something worse than Gorbachev."

Taj Mahal city turns into ghost town after riots

g % sa

AGRA, India (R) — India's Taj Mahal city of Agra has become a virtual ghost town after at least 11 people were killed there in the Hindu-Muslim violence gripping India.

Nearly 250 people have died across the nation since Dec. 7 in violence sparked by a dispute between the two faiths over a shrine in Ayodhya in the northern state of Uttar Pradesh.

Senior officials describe the violence as some of the worst since India gained independence 43 years ago.

In Agra, also in Uttar Pradesh, police spokesman M.P. Solanki told Reuters Monday at least 11 people were killed and 28 injured in Hindu-Muslim clashes since Friday.

Soldiers, paramilitary and policemen patrolled the streets and stood guard around the Taj Mahal, closed since the fighting broke out. The soldiers turned back two

Australian tourists who tried to enter the grounds of the sparkling marble masterpiece of 17thcentury Muslim architecture. The huge wooden gates were

shut and an official said it was too dangerous to allow anyone inside the Taj, built by the Muslim ruler Shah Jehan in memory of his wife. He appeared to be referring to

fears that Hindu extremists might make a target of the Taj Mahal, one of the few popular destinations left for tourists visiting India.

India, whose foreign exchange reserves plunged in the Gulf crisis, needs the revenue from a tourism industry already hurt by separatist violence in another traditional attraction - Kash-

An indefinite curfew and heavy security kept most people off Agra's streets and nearly every shop was boarded up. One official said the situation though under control, was still very tense. Police combed re-

"Don't give any passes to politicians," the official told his subordinate, who was handing out carfew passes. Political analysts say the latest spate of violence is as much motivated by politics as religion.

sidential areas for weapons.

Democratic Party after troops and tanks were deployed to quell riots across the Balkan state. Gramoz Pashko, a Tirana University economist and Democratic Party founder, said he and fellow founder Sali Be-

risha met Prime Minister Adil Carcani for two hours Sunday night at Carcani's invitation. "We discussed the current situation and events in the four towns." Pashko said, referring

to unprecedented anti-

government violence last week in Kavaje, Shkoder, Elbasan and Durres. At least 157 people were

arrested. "He said he agreed that our party is distinct from these hooligans," Pashko said by telephone

from Tirana. Carcani had promised a decree would be published later Monday formalising last week's Communist Party decision to allow independent political par-

ties for the first time since 1944,

Pashko said. He said the Democratic Party would probably register with the Justice Ministry Tuesday and was likely to ask for Feb. 10 parliamentary elections to be put back until April or May so that the opposition would have time

to organise. Albania, Europe's last monopoly Communist state, deployed troops and tanks last week when anti-government protesters clashed with police, burned vehicles, looted shops and attacked Communist Party

offices. The riots began after President Ramiz Alia bowed to student pro-democracy protests and announced last Tuesday that Albania would move towards

MANILA (AP) — Opposition

politicians claimed Monday they

had gathered nearly two million

signatures demanding that Presi-

dent Corazon Aquino resign.

They said they would submit a

proposal for an electoral recall

On Sunday, Mrs. Aquino

brushed aside calls for her res-

ignation before her term ends in

"The call for the resignation

next year.

dialogue with opposition. multi-party democracy. The VIENNA (R) — Albania's Democratic Party was founded Communist government, in an one day later at a huge rally in

Albania government opens

unexpected move, held its first talks with the new opposition Tirana. Albanian journalists said the unrest seemed to have subsided at the weekend although security

forces were still on the streets of the industrial town of Elbasan. Pashko said he and Berisha had told Carcani that they expected those arrested in the riots to be given a fair trial.

"If they are to be condemned for vandalism so be it but the innocent must not suffer," Pashko said.

Chief prosecutor Chemal Ljama told Albanian Radio that 157 people had been charged, with illegal assembly, looting, attempted murder and assault and could stand trial from Mon-

Official media have reported at least 16 people injured, including six policemen.

Sunday's talks with Carcani appeared to signal a change of heart by the Communist government towards dialogue with the fledgling opposition.

Pashko had said earlier Sunday that the government turned down an offer by his party to cooperate in easing tension and accused it of trying to delay the move to democracy and obstructing the party's work.

"We did not expect the meeting," Pashko said.

He said he and Berisha had complained to Carcani and "asked him to create the conditions for us to operate." These included provision of

offices, equipment and telephones and access to officiallycontrolled media, Pashko said. Alia said last week that reform was irreversible but warned

Saturday that "neither the people nor the state will allow...criminal activity."

of the president has no meaning

or significance but are figments

of the imagination of people who

thrive on illusions," Mrs.

During a press conference,

leaders of the Cory Aguino Res-

ion Immediately Movement said

they had gathered nearly two

million signatures, or 700,000

short of the number required by

"We (Roh and Gorbachey)

confirmed our common belief

that all things that were brought

about by the cold war system -

confrontation and war, feud and

conflict and walls of partition —

should be consigned to the

In a news conference before

leaving the Soviet Union, Roh

reportedly said relations with

China are "the last stepping

When the current trade rela-

tions with China become nor-

malised "a possibility of war on

criticised South Korea for failing

to sign a non-aggression pact

past," Roh said.

stone for peace."

the constitution for a recall mo

Actuino said.

Group gathers signatures

for Aquino to resign

SYDNEY (R) — Low cholester-

egg products

broadcasting."

Scientists offer

low-cholesterol

ol egg products will be available in Australia within 18 months after the discovery of a process which removes 90 per cost of cholesterol from eggs. The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) said in a statement their process was cheaper and more efficient than overseas techniques and did not alter the egg's natural qualities. "We've discovered a non-toxic, natural compound which attaches itself to the cholesterol and forms a solid." said CSIRO scientist Doctor David Oakenfull by telephone, "You then separate the solid by centrifugal force, dry the remaining "scrambled egg" and put it in plastic sachets."

Rod Stewart weds model

BEVERLY HILLS, California (AP) — Raspy-voiced British rocker Rod Stewart married a fashion model less than balf his age Saturday in a traditional church wedding, his manager said. Stewart, 45, married 21year-old model Rachel Hunter in a ceremony at the Beverly Hills Presbyterian Church. The wedding was followed by a reception at the lavish Four Seasons Hotel. Miss Hunter, who is from New Zealand, had met Stewart at a Los Angeles nightclub, according to Stewart's manager. Arnold Stiefel. Miss Hunter, who works for the Ford Model Agency in New York City, wore a traditional white dress and veil. Stewart, know for appearing on stage in skin-tight pants and spikey blond hair, wore formal attire, according to Stiefel. About 250 guests and family members attended the wedding. Stiefel refused to release the list, saying "it's just close friends." Miss Hunter plans to accompany Stewart on an 18-month tour of Europe set to begin in April. She will do some modelling while overseas. according to Stewart's agent, Annie Challis, who was maid of honour. Stewart reigned as one of rock's leading male sex symbols during much of the 1970s.

Woman falls from Soviet airliner, gets

MOSCOW (R) - A woman

passenger survived a fall of five

kilometres from a Soviet airliner and then won \$50 compensation - for the loss of her baggage. Larisa Savitska plunged to earth from an Aeroflot plane after it collided in midair with a military aircraft. The Komsomolskaya Pravda newspaper said she was the only survivor when an AN-24 airliner and a military transporter crashed near the Chinese border in 1981. The incident had been kept secret until now. The newspaper said Savitska was still recovering from her injuries and needed to travel regularly to the cities of Moscow and Vladivostok. She had to pay the air fares herself. A photograph showed Savitska, apparently in her late 30s, smiling as she climbed aboard an Aeroflot with her young son. The newspaper did not say how Savitska had escaped death. There have been other recorded cases of people surviving falls from high altitude by freak circumstances, the most spectacular being a 10-kilometre fall by an air hostess from a DC-9 airliner which blew up over Czechoslovakia in 1972, according to the Guinness Book

of Records.

pense with hard-line Defence C. American leaders condemn upsurge in Salvador fighting

PUNTARENAS, Costa Rica (AP) — Central American presidents have agreed to condemn a new offensive by leftist rebels in El Salvador's 11-year civil war, Costa Rican President Rafael Calderon said.

"We cannot condone the Salvadorean guerrillas' unleashing of indiscriminate violence, just at a time when an end to it is being sought through dialogue and negotiation," Calderon told a news conference Sunday.

He said the Central American presidents will make a concrete proposal Monday urging the rebel Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front to resume peace talks with President Alfredo Cristiani's right-wing govern-

Cristiani made a plea earlier Sunday to the other Central American leaders to condemn the 3½-week-old rebel-offen-

Negotiators for the Salvadorean government and rebels are meeting separately with a U.N.

BOGOTA (R) — The Coi-

ombian army has said it had

captured another major guerrilla

base, crowning a week in which

it opened a homets' nest by-

attacking the headquarters of

the country's biggest left-wing

high in the Andean mountains

fell Saturday, General Luis Cor-

rea, commanding the operation,

our control," he said. "It is

where the chiefs of the FARC

(Marxist Revolutionary Armed

drug-related violence, the Col-

ombian government last Sunday

sent 2,000 troops backed by

bombers and helicopters to

storm the remote mountain

headquarters of the FARC at

ISLAMABAD (R) — India and

Pakistan, who nearly went to

war over a Muslim uprising in

Kashmir this year, try again this

week to bridge their differences

in the shadow of Hindu-Muslim

died across India this month in

violence sparked by a dispute

over a sacred site claimed by

mned the attacks and called on

India to protect its 100 million

Muslims from Hindu militants.

in three days of talks in Islama-

bad starting Tuesday between

senior Foreign Ministry officials.

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To Maintain Your Central

Heating And Other Kinds Of

Maintenance

Good And Fast

Services Rolan

Eletromechanical group

The issue is bound to be raised

Last week Pakistan conde-

More than 200 people have

violence convulsing India.

both religions.

India, Pakistan to meet in

shadow of communal killings

After forcing down the lid on

"We have the last camp under

told local RCN radio.

The last of four linked bases

armed group.

Forces) lived."

Colombian army captures

Casa Verde.

attacking patrols.

houses of rebel leaders

mediator to try and resolve their differences since a series of faceto-face peace talks earlier this year failed to produce results.

The guerrilla offensive has dominated the meeting of four Central American presidents, who have also discussed economic issues and plans to invite Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev to visit the region. The three-day meeting at this Pacific coast resort is scheduled to conclude Monday,

The guerrilla offensive that began in November and the rebels' defeat of some of the Salvadorean army's most elite troops brought the Salvadorean conflict to the forefront of the

Cristiani has asked his fellow presidents to condemn the rebels for the renewed fighting. · Cristiani has said repeatedly that his government is willing to meet with the rebels, but formal negotiations ended in September without significant progress.

The headquarters was a com-

plex of camps equipped with

declared a truce in their bloody

war with the state. It also dealt a

blow to hopes that, with the cold

war over, the government could

reach a peace settlement with its

veteran Marxist guerrilla groups.

camps last week and seized the

fourth, known as "Hueco Frio"

or "cold hollow," Saturday. The

FARC headquarters lay in thick

jungle 200 kilometres south of

But the core dispute remains

the revolt in Indian Kashmir.

which brought the two nations to

the brink of their fourth war in

April and May. Neither side

progress or breakthrough. The

talks are aimed at crisis control,'

Indian High Commissioner

(Ambassador) Jyotindra Nath

"As long as a dialogue is

continued at a high diplomatic

level our expectation is that first

it would prevent controversy and

conflict and second, however

slow the process may be, it will

define small areas of agree-

India was willing to discuss

Kashmir, he said, but would not

alter its basic belief that the

former princely state was an

integral part of the Indian union.

ports the Kashmiri "freedom

fighters" politically, demands

that the people of the region be

allowed to decide if they want to

More than 2,000 people have

died in Kashmir since the seces-

sionist movement burst into

open revolt at the beginning of

be part of Pakistan or India.

Pakistan, which strongly sup-

Dixit said in an interview.

"The talks are not aimed at

expects a breakthrough.

the capital, Bogota.

The army captured three

Since then, there has been only private, indirect communication with no indication of what, if any, progress has been

> In other developments, summit participants said Nicaraguan President Violeta Chamorro will deliver the invitation to Gorbachev to tour Central America when she visits Moscow in February.

In their final communique, the presidents are expected to call for international action to protect the environment, elimination of visas for diplomats and businessmen travelling in the region, and strengthening the U.N. peacekeeping mission in Central America.

Also attending the conference are Costa Rican President Rafael Angel Calderon, Guatemalan President Vinicio Cerezo and President Leonardo Calleias of Honduras. President Guillermo Endara of Panama is participating as an observer.

Romanian leaders undaunted by opponents

schools, clinics, a printing press and theatre. Its fall unleashed BUCHAREST (R) - President the worst violence for months. Ion Iliescu and Prime Minister with FARC guerrillas burning an Petre Roman appear undamted airliner, killing police and by rising unpopularity and antigovernment protests on the first The violence shattered an unanniversary of the revolt that easy peace in Colombia since ended four decades of Communpowerful cocaine cartels last July

ist dictatorship in Romania. Roman, in a Sunday night television interview, dismissed rumours that he was about to be removed by Iliescu, saving they stood shoulder to shoulder.

"I am side by side with the country's president and parliament to maintain political and social stability, peace and order for the people," Roman said. "I shall not be moved by irrational fury ... let nobody

count on cowardice from me. Roman was speaking only moments after Iliescu, in a televised speech addressed to Timisoara, cradle of the revolution, defended the government against opposition claims that it had betrayed the people's hopes.

"The Communist totalitarian system was liquidated, an absolutely new democratic way was created, the multi-party system is consolidating itself, the freedom of expression and demonstration were legalised, free elections were organised, the peasants are getting back the land." Iliescu said.

Thousands demonstrated Sunday against his ruling National Salvation Front (NSF) in Bucharest and Timisoara, where a bloody uprising last Dec. 16 sparked the revolution that led to the overthrow and execution of Stalinist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu.

Dissident leaders were hailed by the crowds and drew shouts demanding the resignations of Iliescu and the NSF government, which took power a year ago and won elections in May.

On Saturday, the six main parliamentary opposition parties threw the government a challenge by creating a united front. One opposition leader, the National Liberals' Radu Campeanu, hinted he might win a role in a coalition government. He said Iliescu had invited him for talks Monday.

attack wrecks EC offices in Athens

ATHENS (R) — Two rockets, fired across a main avenue, wrecked the European Community (EC) offices in Athens Sunday and wounded two

fired across the busy Vassilisis and caused extensive damage to the EC offices, police said. bility for the attack but the leftist

which has killed 15 Greeks and American's since 1975, has such weapons and carried out a similar attack against a U.S. company in Athens last June. deadly guerrilla group, said it attacked the procter and gamble

firms against taking part in the conservative government's plan to sell off state companies to the private sector. The same EC offices were bombed by another leftist guer-

cember 1989 and in December 1988. ELA then accused the EC of being an "imperialist establishment. Greece's conservative govern-

found in adjoining rooms in an empty second floor apartment directly across the road from the EC offices. "The launchers were con-

Rocket

women passers-by, police said.

No one has claimed responsi-November 17 guerrilla group,

rilla group, the Popular Revolutionary Struggle (ELA), in De-

ment, which came to power in April, passed a tough antiterrorist law last week to try to halt regular bombings and killings by leftist groups in Athens. Police said the attack at about November 17 Group.

nected by a high-precision cable and fired simultaneously by an automatic timing device," Papadoyorgos said.

The 3.5-mm rockets, a type used by the Greek army, were Sofias Avenue in central Athens

November 17, Greece's most

offices in June to warn foreign

9 p.m. bore the hallmarks of the

"It's a miracle no one was killed," the head of Athens police. Simon Papadovorgos,

Two rocket launchers were

Roh: Moscow trip heralds new era eventual unification of the SEOUL (AP) - South Korean 1904, when imperial Russia peninsula.

President Roh Tae-Woo returned home from the Soviet Union Monday, saying his trip opened new horizons for trade and possibilities for peace and unification on the divided Korean peninsula.

"Now that there's open a wide road to Moscow, it is a matter of time there will be opened a road to Pyongyang (North Korea)," Roh said. "There will be no wall in the wide world blocking the walk of

our people," the president told

several hundred officials and cheering supporters waving white South Korean flags. Roh, the first leader in the history of his country to visit the Soviet Union, said he met Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev four times. The high point was

"trust and cooperation." Roh's trip to arch rival North Korea's longtime ally ended a

the signing of a declaration of

broke off relations with Korea. The peninsula was divided in 1945 into the Communist North and pro-Western South. South Korea and Moscow established relations last Sept. 30.

During the talks, the two sides signed agreements on trade and scientific and technological cooperation. Officials said talks on providing more than \$2 billion in loans to Moscow would be discussed in January.

Roh said the Soviet consumer market and the country's abundant natural resources open new horizons for exports.

He said the two leaders pledged to make joint efforts to establish peace on the Korean peninsula and in the Asian-Pacific region.

South Korea hopes its new relationship with the Soviet Union will end 45 years of military and political confrontation with

the Korean peninsula, will be eliminated 100 per cent." Roh said, according to the South Korean News Agency, Yonhap. Meanwhile North Korea's official press Monday sharply

rival North Korea and lead to

director in Cite Soleil.

cast a ballot.

local officials.

thought to be high.

mained opened past the 6 p.m.

closing time to allow everyone to

About 3 million voters, about

85 per cent of the electorate,

were registered to vote. The

turnout wasn't known but was

Aristide, a 37-year-old fireb-

rand who told the poor they

were following God's will to

fight for their rights, was one of

11 candidates for president, Hai-

tians also were electing a 110-

member National Assembly and

A popular uprising overthrew

Jean-Claude Duvalier in 1986,

ending the repressive dicta-

torship that began when "papa

doc" Francois Duvalier assumed

office in 1957. But Haiti has

since witnessed a series of coups

and failed elections amid a di-

mate of terror fostered by for-

mer members of the Duvalier

nier, district election bureau Some polling stations re-

Observers from the United Nations, Organisation of American States and other groups monitored the vote. Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter toured polling stations, including the Argentine Bellegrade Secondary School, where the 1987

"We wanted to come here as a symbolic thing to show the people of Haiti that it's safe to vote today," said Carter, who was accompanied by his wife,

The new government will replace the caretaker administra-

as the favourite of the U.S. embassy and the business community, was considered Aristide's top rival.

during talks last week between diplomatic chill dating back in the premiers of both countries. Aristide poised to win Haiti elections

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti (AP) — Supporters of the Rev. Jean-Bertrand Aristide danced in the streets early Monday in anticipation of a big victory for the charismatic leftist priest they hail as Haiti's "prophet." People turned out in large

numbers in this poor Caribbean nation Sunday to cast ballots for what could be the first free elected government in Haiti's turbulent 186-year history. The elections were peaceful,

though hampered by delays in the delivery of ballots and the opening of poll booths that kept hundreds of voters simmering in long lines under the sun, and leading some to charge fraud. No official figures were ex-

pected to be available until later Monday. But the consensus of some politicians and observers, based on partial returns and talks with election officials, was that Aristide would win a clear. majority. If no candidate wins 50 per

cent of the vote, a runoff will be

observers were on hand, seeking

More than 800 international

held on Jan. 20.

to assure violence-free balloting. A November 1987 election was thwarted after 31 voters were shot or hacked to death by thugs: backed by the army. The observers praised the be-

haviour of the army and police,

who kept order and patrolled

streets at a discreet distance from polling stations. "This time the army has been equal to its task," said Jean Robert Sabalat, president of the Electoral Council. "We have just lived together a great day in our history."

On Sunday night, hundreds of people celebrated the victory they expected for Aristide by dancing in the darkened streets, playing soccer, jumping rope and mimicking the crow of the rooster, Aristide's campaign symbol.

Some Aristide supporters claimed the delays in getting voting materials to the polls in the slums, where Aristide has a huge following, represented an effort by holdovers of the 29year Duvalier dictatorship to sabotage the vote.

Election officials attributed

the delays to logistical problems. family militia, the Tonton Maco-"We've had a lot of help, but not enough," said Daniel Ber-

Thugs attacked an Aristide rally on Dec. 5 with grenades and gunfire, killing seven people and wounding more than 50.

massacre occured.

Rosalynn, and daughter Amy.

tion of President Ertha Pascal-Trouillot, a Supreme Court justice appointed in March. Marc Bazin, 58-year-old former World Bank economist seen